MISCELLANEOUS.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL PRINTED AND UBLISHED BY PRINTED HENDERSON, & ONTO RAK. JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING, GREEN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

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GENERAL HOSPITALS IN LOUISVILLE.

No. I-Corner of Ninth and Broadway-Dr. Thomas
L. Caldwell, Surgeon in charge; Assistants,
H. F. Grant, F. Rectanus, A. W. Kaye.

No. 2-Prison Hospital, corner Tenth and Broadway-Hr. I. W. Konald, Surgeon in charge;
Assistants, H. Tanmadge, H. Ryan.

No. 3-Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestunl-Dr. Thomas W. Colescott, Surgeon in charge; Assistants, J. A. Dongherty, C. A.
Fisher.

No. 4-Corner Main and Fifteenth streets-Dr. John
E. Crowe, Surgeon in charge; Assistants,
A. P. Brower, T. H. Cochran, George C.

Mo. 4-Eur Finntle, Blessage Regulatory turnship.

Dr. F. Irish, Sorgeon in charge; Assistant, J. A. Octuleny.

9—Corner Market and Wenzel streets.

10—Walnut street, between Sackson and Honcock Il—Corner Chestnut and Floyd, and City Hospital.

12—Corner Magazine and Ninth streets—Dr. R. L. Stanford, Surgeon in charge; Assistant, J. B. Gerard.

13—Corner Guen and Thirleenth streets—Dr. Thomas C. Mercer, Sorgeon in charge; Assistant, J. Logan, d. Harden.

15—Corner Brook and Broadway (for officers).

15—Griffin Honse, Nowburg turnpiko.

15—Waghan's stores, Jefferson the, Ind.

15—Rind Asylum, Shebyville turnpike.

8—Turners' Hall, Jedierson street.

19—Johnson Honse, between the Burdstown and arg turnpikes. No. 19-20 mon House, obtween the buckets and websited with the series of the series of

Police Proceedings - Wednesday, Jan. 28 .- Owen Delay, drunk and nbusing his family. Bail in \$200 for three months. Thos. McManus and Anthony Husbach, drunk and disorderly. Bail in \$200 for two

months. James Britzeoe, fighting. Own bond in \$100 to answer.

Heo. W. Wilson, stealing a horse from Mr Wakefield. No oue appearing against him, he was discharged. Orlando P. Gherbin, having in his possession counterfeit money with intent to cir-

culate. Continued. John Huff, charged with killing Frederick Hildebrandt. The testimony and arguments were heard and the party discharged.

New Albany Ledger, of last Monday:

LOTINVILLE AND NASHVILLE BALEROAD.—
The trains on this road now run through from Blizabethtown to Nashville without interruption. The trestlo work at Muldrow's Bill will be completed, and trains willrun through from Louisville to Nashville, by the 10th of February. The energy with which Superintendent Blaine Marshel has pushed the repairs to this important line of communication with tendent Blaiue Marshel has pushed the repairs to this important line of communication with Gen. Rosecrans's army entitle him to the thanks of the whole country. The road is now strongly guarded at every important point, and little fears are entertained of the ability of the rehels to again damage it at any considerable extent.

The Ledger attributes to Mr. B. Marshel Superintendent of Transportation on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, merit that belongs to A. Fink, Esq., Superintendent of Board of Repairs, Bridges, &c., as will be seen by the standing advertisement of the Company on the fourth page of our paper.

Mr. Marshel is a most effectent Superintendent of Transportation, but has nothing to do with the department confided to Mr. Fink.

Renet Patsoners .- It was stated that about four hundred wounded rebel prisoners cap-Lared at Stone River would be sent to this city for treatment. They arrived at Evansville on Tuesday by the steamer R. B. Hamilton, and a large portion of them (365) were sent to Indianapolis by mil. The remainder some 35 or 40, will be provided for in Evansville. They are attended by a rebel surgeon, and have suffered terribly on the route for want of proper food, in consequence of the long detention of the boats on the Cumberland river by the gnerilla hands. The Journal says they all present a most wreiched and pitiable appearance. They represent every State in rebellion except Virginia and South

HABD ON JOHN MORGAN.-A Buffalo paper states that it is currently believed in that vicinity that the famous guerilla chief, Morgan, is none other than a tellow named Timothy Fuller, who formerly lived in Erie county, Pennsylvania, and was sent thence to the penitentiary for cattle-stealing. After serving his name to Morgan. John, no doubt, deserves to go to the penitentiary, but he never represented "Timothy Fuller" in that institution.

on her way down the Cumherland river received a 4 pound round shot in her bull ahout 9 inches above the water line, and about 3 feet below and forward of her engines, for which no doubt the hall was aimed. It was a close call, well aimed and shows to some extent the dangers of navigation on the Cumberland river. The Hamilton, the Evansville Journal says, is the only boat that received a shot in her hull.

Alluding to the death of Thos, Il. Barnes, late Clerk of the Madison County Court, the Lexington Observer and Reporter says he was one of the most popular men in in many respects, more severe than ours, are timable gentleman. Ilis loss will he deeply felt by his fellow-citizens, who entertained for him justly the highest regard.

The four guerillas belonging to Morgan's command, who were sent to Winchester, Clarke county, from this city, have arrived there. They are under indietment in the Clarke Circuit Court for horse stealing, and were forwarded from this city in charge of Captain Watkins, of the 34th Kentucky infantry.

DISCHARGED .- John Huff, who was arraigned before the City Court on the charge of killing Frederick Hildebrandt on Thursday night last, has land a full examination, which was concluded this morning, the examination resulting in the discharge of the accused.

Anny OF CENTRAL KENTUCKY .- Major-General Gordon Granger has relimquished command of the Bistrict of t'entral Kentucky 10 Brig. Gen. Q. A. Gillmore.

Roots.—Referring to a statement in the New York Times in relation to the raising of root crops, especially of beets, for the production of sugar, it is important to know that the nutritive value of these crops is determinable by weighing them in water. Their absolute weight thus weighted, and in which their value. weight thus weighed, and in which their valone-half of another weighing 10s. Now, by danting for seeds those of the greatest specific ravity, roots of increased value are the produce. By these means the French have increased the sugar productiveness of their beets

The Last of Banks's Expedition.— The steamship Hinnis, with the 49th Massachusetts regiment and three additional companies on board, sailed from New York on Monday for New Orleans. Brigader-General Andrews, who has been in command of the troops of the expedition, accompanied the troops of the expedition, accompanied the troops. These repolition, accompanied the troops constitute the last of General Banks's force.

Steeping massaching lips.

In a debating socious merican question. Hedemolished the secess american question. Hedemolished the secess merican question. Shall he for the purple of the pur

iz gave a lecture in Boston en the elephant. u the report of the lecture we find the follow-

rued by reason and animals by instinct; but believe that that is all wrong. There is no istinction of kind between the two, but only he brain larger in proportion to the size of in body. But this does not prove a different and of activity of these parts, but only du-

Now let us see if there is any difference in he mode of action of the brains of men and atmals. Every sensation, to be felt, must doduce a reaction. All animals see, hear, mell and tasts as well as we do; therefore the eaction must be the same, and the operations of ar as the body is concerned, is the same, (ext, our perceptions influence our actions, through the operations of the mind; and in the animals the same; influence upon their ac-

in animals the same influence upon their action is to be seen; here, again, is perfect similarity. Although the difference of the intentity of these actions may be great in different influence, see the principle is the same. The animals gratify their appetites, and so lowe, and in the same manner. For instance, werybody has seen dogs playing only for the deasure of playing, just us men do. And what right have we to assume that the motive hat right have we to assume that the motive influencing us? Again, unimals have memory, just as we have; and they can trace the connection between cause and effect; and this reason.
But I will go further; only mind can com

numicate with mind; and if animals had no mind we could have no intercourse with them Animals can be tained; and this proves the existence of reason; a connection seen be ween cause and effect. The means of train or training children; certain sounds are use or training children; certain sounds are use as signals. This supposes a perfect logica process, tracing the sequence of effect troi

THE REBEL CONDRESS .- The following is a eport of the proceedings in the Lower Hous the rebel Congress on the 19th inst.: Mr. Cloffin, of Alabama, offered a series joint resolutions as to the conduct of the existing war and the proclamation of the President of the United States. The resolution contemplates the delivery of captured Federal officers to the State Governments for trial. f retaliatory measures as suggested by the esolutions, that an attempt should be made a stop the shedding of blood by a movemen have the effect of producing a state of thing to much desired, notwithstanding the opposi-tion of the abolition party. He signified hi-intention to offer resolutions bereafter—no-

intention to offer resolutions bereafter—not for the purpose of yielding one inch of ground to the North, but to throw the entire responsibility upon the Lincoln Government if these scenes of blood are to continue.

Mr. Dargan, of Alabama, took the ground that powers at war unstretalinte. The resolutions contemplated the turning over of captured officers to the State governments, and to let them the provided and the form of the resolutions contemplated the turning over of captured officers to the State governments, and to let them the provided and the form of the let them be punished according to their hiws lle did not think that was correct, but sng ested that the government should take the

responsibility itself.

Mr. Lyons, of Virginia, suggested that the government had no power to turn these empared officers over to the States; nor was there my necessity for the resolution, since the dresident has said in his message he will do it

President has said in his message he will do it unless prevented by Congress. He favored the passage of a liw prohibiting such a course, and to repose the power of retaliation entirely in the hands of the government.

Mr. Poote was proceeding to make some remarks, when Mr. Perkins, of Louisiana, moved that the House go into a secret session. The motion was lost—yeas 25, nays 40. Mr. Lyons regained the floor. When an officer was captured, if there was cause for retaliation, we might retaliate upon bim; if not, we were bound to exchange him. They could not, by any law of natione, when captured by one government, be turned over to

adgment of the Universal Church. Forced by the providence of God to separate ourselves om the Protestant Episcopal Church of the nited States—a Church with whose doctrine, scipline, and worship we are in enrire harof that separation, we were abundantly suthefied—at a moment when civilstrife had dipped its foot in blood, and cruel warwas desoluting our homes and firesides, we required a doubte measure of grace to preserve the accustomed moderation of the Church in the arrangement of organic law, in the adjustment of our code of canons, but above all, in the preservation, without charges of these rights preservation. without change, of those rich transures of doc-rine and worship which have come to us en-durined in our Book of Common Prayer, "Cut off likewise from all communication with our sister churches of the world we have been compelled to act without my interchange of opinion even with our Mother Church, and alone and unaided, to arrange for ourselve the organization under which we should de

our part in carrying on to theirconsummation the purposes of God in Christ Jesus.

"The Constitution of the Pretestant Episcocal Church in the Confederate States, under which we have been exercising our legislarom which we have been providentially sepa rated, save that we have introduced into it a germ of expansion which was wanting in the old tonstitution. This is found in the permission which is granted to existing Dioceses

ment, such as complete organizations, harmony, &c, relerence is made to various duties cluding an allusion to the peculiar instituion, as follows:
"It is likwise the duty of the Church to

this institution as not to necessitus the viola-tion of those sacred relations which God has created, and which man cannot consistently with Christian duty, annul. The systems of labor which prevail in Europe, and which are, eparation of parents and children, and of nusbands and wives, and a very I the cure on our part would aid the system upon which we

"It belongs especially to the Eplacopal (Thurs) o urge a proper teaching upon this subject or in her fold and in her congregation ar notices of the country. We replace to be able to say that the public sentiment is midly becoming sound upon this subject, and that the Legislatures of several of the Confederate States have already taken steps foward this consummation. Hitherto have we been himand infidel pestilence, we abould prove to the world that we are saithful to our trust and the Church should lead the bosts of the

CAPTURE OF ARKANSAS POST. FFICIAL REPORT OF BEAR ADMIRAL PORTER. UNITED STATES MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON, ARKANSAS POST, Jan, 11, 1863.

nded to move up the river upon the Post of rkunsas, and requested my co-operation. I stailed three iron-clads—the Louisville, Ba-on DeKalb, and Cincinnati—with all the light alt gupboats, all of which had to be towed the river. On the 9th we ascended the Arkansas river

l extensive rifle pits along the levee. Whi the army was making a detour to surround the fort, I sent up the iron-relads to try the range of their gaus, and afterward sent up the Rattler, Lient-Commander Watson South, to clear out the rifle pits and the men behind an extensive broastwork in front of our troops. roops would be in position to assualt the main ort-a very formidable work-and held al he vessels in readiness to attack when the roops were in position. At half-past five in he afternoon, Gen. McClernand sent me a nessage stating that everything was ready and the Louisville, Baron De Kalb, and Cin-innati advanced to within four hundred yards of the fort, which then opened fire from their heavy gons and eight rifled gons, and with musketry. The superiority of our fire was soon manifested. The batteries were silenced, and we ceased firing; but no assault took place, and it being too dark to do anything, all the vessels dropped down and tied up to the hank for the night.

The Baron De Kalb, Lientenant Commander

Valker; Louisville, Lieutenaut Commander Owen, and the Cincinnati, Lieutenant Com-Owen, and the Cincinnati, Lientenant Commander Bache, led the attack, and, when hotly engaged, I brought up the light-draught vessels, the Lexington and Black llawk, to throw in shrapnel and rille shell. The fire was very destructive, killing nearly ull the artillery horses in and about the fort.

When the battery was pretty well silenced, I ordered Lieut. Com. Smith to pass the fort in the light-draught, iron-clad Rattler, and enflade it, which he did in a very gallant and handsome manner, but suffered a good deal in his hull doing so. All his cabin works were knocked to pieces, and a heavy shell raked

him from stem to stern in the hull. Strange to say, two heavy shells struck his iron plating —three-quarter-inch—on the bow and never injured it. He got past the fort, but became entangled among the snags placed in the river to impede our progress, and had to return.

In the evening attack the vessels of all the commanders were well hundled, particularly the invested of the commanders. the iron-elads. It was close quarters all the time, and not a gan was fired from our side nutil the gunboats were within four hundred yards of the fort. The condition of the for attests to the accuracy of fire, and the persons inside give the Baron De Kalb, Lient.-Com. Walker, the credit of doing the most execu-

the works. I ordered up the fron-clads, with directions for the Lexington to join in when the former became engaged, and for the frailer vessels to hand up in the smoke, and do the best they could. The Rattler, Lient. Commander Smith, and the Guide, Lient. Commander Woodworth, did good execution with their shraunds and when an opportunity or their shrupnel, and when an opportunity oc-curred, I made them push through by the fort again; also the ram Monarch, Col. Chas. Ellet, and they proceeded rapidly up the river to cut oll the enemy's retreat by the only way he had

completely silenced by the Louisville, Lieut. Commander E. R. Owen, Baron De Kalb, and Cincinnati, and I ordered the Black Hawk up ing ininanageable, she had to be kept up the narrow stream, and I took in a regiment from the opposite side, to uy and take it by assault.

As I rounded-to to do so, and the gunboats commenced firing rapidly, knocking everything to pieces, the enemy held out a white tlag and I ordered the living to eease. The army then entered and took possession. Col. Dunnington, the commander of the fort, sent for me and surrendered to me in person. then, thurshill of the rebal grays, surrendered to

Thurshill, of the rebel army, surrendered Our men had almost surrounded the for

the fort, I don't know how many, and at sua down the army were hurrying in the cavah

manding officers and a list of the killed and wounded, and take another occasion to menion to the Department the names of those of cers who have distinguished themselves par icularly, though it is hard to discriminate

your obedient servant,
DAVID R. PORTER, Acting Rear-Admiral Commanding Missis sippi Squadron. Hon. Gibeon Welles, Secretary of the Navy

WEST POINT.-The attacks upon West Point made hy members of Congress bring out a strong defence from the l'hiladelphia In-

charity to foster, use their power when the get it to tear down, and West Point that ha een the envy of the masses who could no object of attack to their representatives. We might point, in repelling such attacks, to its sons, now fighting for their country, or 'dead upon the field of bonor,' from the day when Greble, at threat Bethel, stood by his gun alone antil he fell, to the more recent days of Rosoverans and Garesche at Murrreesboro; but such illustrations would be lost upon the jaundiced men who assail the Academy.

learned the art of war in all its branches, that they might practise it on their country's foes Those who have left the army and carried their

can be computed, in arms, in arts, in internal improvement, in administration, in academic instruction, and in good citizenship; and the ally of those who would destroy it, is tentole

TALKS ABOUT HEALTH.--Women are not more hardy than mcn. They walk on the game damp, cold earth. Their shoes must be as thick road warm. Calf or kip skin is best

till they burn. Bathe them when taking the spin in such rough general bath in the morning. Do they perspire or emit an unpleasant odor? Wash with known his own.

THE LATE COLONEL FORMAN. To the Latitors of the Louisville Journal: JANUARY 26, 1863. GENTLEMEN: If you do not deem it too un-torchy, will you publish one more humble sibute to the memory of Kentucky's youngest

omise. Always seeking the society of, and pearing equal to, those much older than ing he was. From the age of sixteen, in-d, he seemed—in conversation, in business acity, in intellect, and in strength and desion of mind—a man, and won "golden inions" of his ability from his superiors in the and experience. His principles were firm all unwavering. He understood perfectly is own disposition and capabilities, and thus aything he undertook was successfully perormed. His influence over these for whom e cared was unbunneded, and his insight into he characters and motives of those he met has so keen and true that it was marvellon. He detected the fallacies in the "doctrine of sion" from the first; and, what is mor eable, he never for an instant succumbe to the insidious and—to so many young Keunckians—irresistible appeal to their love for he Sonth. It is well known that sectional attachment is especially characteristic of the ight of secession radically wrong, but we nr southerners—we love the South, whateve

ber faults, better than the North, and, if war comes, we will be on her side, right or wrong. But young Forman's words were (in substance): "I love and sympathize with the South as much as you, but I am a true Southerner. If the South does wrong, I say, try to win her back with kindness. But—that failings—I am ready to a with sward in hat failing—I am ready to go with sword in and, though still with love in heart, to tore er to submat to rightful anthority. her to submit to rightful authority.

I shall never forget once hearing him read to a party of young friends Daniel Webster's immortal speech on the "American Union." As he read that closing sentence of matchless cloquence commencing: "When my eyes shall be turned to behold for the last time the san in heaven, may I not see him shining on the broken and disordered fragments of a once glorious Union," his voice trembled with emotion; and as he finished with the soulinspiring "Literty and Union, now and forever, one and inseparable," it was full of trimphant enthusiasm. His hearers were many of them Southern sympathizers, but not a word was spoken—all were impressed.

When Kentucky, having tried in vain to mediate, declared herself unconditionally and unalterniby for the Union, and called her sons "to arms" to entorce the laws, and drive the to arms, to enforce the laws, and drive the nyaders from her soil, he obeyed the call, living up home, friends, and all the comforts o which he was accustomed, he went to serve is country, actuated by the purest and highest particular.

our columns, narrating his successful career the army. He guided quickly the love and Centucky, as a reward for distinguished abil-ly and personal bravery. His name will be dways associated with the battle of Chaplin with pleasure and exultation as they hear the thag of the regiment on that memora

le day!
And now that in this, his second battle, he has lost his life, let us out "mourn as those without hope," but, while sincerely lamenting his early death, remember that he himself was willing to buy down his life even for his conntry's welfare. "Life is noble only when it is noble cheap by the side of honor and of duty." From the Frankfort Page

EARLY RECOLLECTIONS.

We had one of the best deputy sheriffs in Sumpbell the State ever hal. I have referred a him once before in these historical sketches. He was known as lke, the Keener. He could come as nigh drawing blood from a turnip as

ignoring the best of natures, make a sort half civele with his right band, and at the enient for you to pay that little execution-day. The execution is pretty near out, a don't want to return it, no property." The beauty of his way was that he won nake his request when the Captain or Colon was engaged in some very interesting conve ation with some high-toned gentlemen, w

around so good naturedly, his natigorist always got the worst of it. Ho would so man age the conversation as to make it a convenient time to put in a word of exhortation t

way she contracted a habit of speaking to every one like he was deaf. Her voice was ver

The keeper and several of us were ou our way to a military muster, or some other public doings not now particularly recollected. When we came in sight of Mrs. McG———shouse, the Keeper said he reckoned it would

Partly by command, and partly by pushing, she brought him down and, as the boys used to say, she "spread herself." She painted him in such rough colors, if the devil had come along just then he would not have Talenda AND MADDER. All things must have an end, and so had In store and for sale by the widow's prayer over Isaac. He did not wait for the amen twice, but came bulging out as if old Sambo was after him sure enough.

GEN. BURNSINE'S RECENT FAILURE .- Th public now know that the projected movement of General Burnside proved a failure. The unfavorable weather was the obstacle to the Times, writing from Burnside's headquarters on the 23d inst., sets forth the nature of the intended demonstration, and the incidents attending its abandonment. About four weeks ago the locality fixed on for crossing was Skinner's Neck, ten miles below Fredericksburg. The Ramphanner's could be founded at the control of t

the Rappahannock could be forded at the coint, and a bend in the stream formed a pr photory ten miles in extent, enabling Ge B. to place gunboats on each side of the Neck, and thus cover the crossing of the troops. The rebels had all along anticipated a crossing, and had distributed corps of observation and double lines of pickets twenty-five miles above and helow Fredericksburg, improvising riflepits and all the other obstacles to a passage of the river. They know our treops would pits and all the other obstracles to a passage of the river. They knew our troops would cross at one or more of the ien or dozen fords, and accordingly watched them elosely. The strictest secresy was kept on Burnside's part, and folus made to lead the enemy to think that several fords would be attempted at once. The crossing was intended to baye been made on the morning of Tuesday, the 20th, but, finding that the enemy were closely watching Skinner's Neek and United States Ford, ten miles above Falmouth, which was next selected, where the troops had been marched on Monday, it was determined to cross the whole body at Banks's Ford, four nites lower down, the passage to he attempted

niles lower down, the passage to be attempted ou Wednesday morning. Pontoons were to be laid at dawn, under cover of the fire of sharpshooters. This work, it was thought could be completed in two hours, and in fon

It was hoped to surprise the enemy at Banks's Ford. Hooker's and Frauklin's grand divisions would then be thrown across the river, while at the same time one of Sumner's and proudly take a feint with ris (the second) would make a feint with airg. 109 key of the whom situation is the ills in the rear of Taylor's house, a mile back rom the ford, and a mile and a half below it, f we should succeed in making the heights, and taking possession of the position, the name would be entirely in our own hands pame would be entirely in our own hands. The strong rebel position in the rear of Fred-cricksburg would thus be turned, and just as soon as this was effected, General Sumner was to cross at the old place, directly opposite Fredericksburg, and attack the works in front. The reserve grand division of General Sigel was assisting in guarding the line of the river and our lines of communication.

On Tu-sday every preparation had heen made. That day General Burnside issued a General Order announcing that the Army of the Potomac was "about to meet the enemy once more," and that "the auspicious moment had arrived to strike a great and mortal blow

once more," and that "the auspicious moment had arrived to strike a great and mortal blow to the recellion, and to grin that decisive victory which is due to the country." This order was read to the men that evening, and night found the in'untry encamped in the woods within easy speaking distance. The positions for the latteries had all been selected. The batteries were at hand. The pontoons were within reach, a short distance back of the river.

numemed, notwithstanding which 150 pieces of artillery wero to be planted in position, and the pontoons were to be drawn nearer the iver. The mud soon became so deep that by aylight only fifteen boats were roady to bo lid into the water, not enough for one bridge, and five bridges were wanted. Early in the norning the rebels discovered what was goag on; nevertheless our men had forty-eight ours the start of them, and in less unlavora-de weather would have been able to carry the oxition before they could be set in the carry the de weather would have breit able to early the osition before they could possibly concentrate. A desperate effort was made to get early the bridges, but it proved impossible. Double and triple teams of horses and mules could not draw the boats through the mind.

So matters continued until Thursday night, when the army was ordered back to its old position. The Quartermaster's Department was not this time in lault, and notwithstanding the feurful storm it is asserted by some that the feurful storm it is asserted by some that but for the apathy of some in high places of military command, we might have still carried the day. The middle was still further increased by the bad arrangements—or rather that the transfer of execute the arrangements. and cutting in between two divisions of one of Hooker's corps, threw everything into cou-

tives and triends of the Anderson Troop, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, in l'hiladelphia. The room was completely filled and the proceedings were of a somewhat excited character. Mr. William II. Maurice occupied the chair. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Field.

Mr. Manrice then unade a brief address. He said that the object of the present receiver.

Mr. Thomas T. Mason did not know the obuent. There was no use in talking about the offerings of the boys. Let us do something

sum sufficient to pay the expenses of procur-ng connsel to aid the men ju their defence. A number of subscriptious were received anging from \$5 up to \$50. Rev. Mr. Cummings next addressed the

neeting. He stated that he had visited Nash-neeting. He stated that he had visited Nash-ville with the committee appointed for that purpose, and his heart was saddened when he lound the punishment inflicted on the recusant members of the Anderson Cavalry. He had neubers of the Anderson Cavalry. He had conversed with Gen. Rosecrans, who was of the opinion that while there were some circumstances which did modify their offence, yet the conduct of the greater portion of the regiment was inexcusable. The committee had also spoken to Gen. Negley, who said that he was proud of the Anderson Cavalry, and never doubted their patriotism or valor, and thought that, had they been with him, he could have managed them satisfactorily. Gen. Rosecrans wrote a despatch informing

despatch to the men and read it. 380 of them, who were confined in the "smoke house," at once refused. The despatch was accepted by 37 who were in jail, and there is no doubt that they are now released from confinement. Mr. Maurice continued to receive subscrip-

A gentleman inquired how much would be required to employ counsel to go to Nashville? The reply was that \$1,000 might be necessary. The meeting soon after adjourned.

TO BRIDGE-BUILDERS.

DOLLEN FRESH VAN

2a 12008 fuk;
50 gross Mason's Blacking;
100 dozen Golden Strup;
100 dozen Golden Strup;
100 do dozen Golden Strup;
100 do pint do;
1 In storo and for sale by
100 W. H. WALKER & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F THE CONDITION OF THE PROVIDENCY WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY on the 31st day of December, 1882, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, by compliance with an activitied "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreig Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1854. NAME AND LOCATION.
The neme of the Company is Providence Washing on Insurance Company, and is located at Providence K. I.

Total assets of the Company LIABILITIES.
LOSSes unadjusted.
All other claims against the Co...

Total liabilities..... TATE OF RHODE ISLAND, BS. John Kingsbury, President, and Warren S. evertary, of the Providence Washington I ampany, being soverally sworn, depose and action himself says, that the foregoing last and correct statement of the affairs of the sa adexolosing authority in the management of sa longany, nor ber any other person or persons who wer; and that they are the above described officers he said Providence Washington Insurance Compan JULK KINGSBURY, President, WARREN S. GREENE, Scorptary.

TAE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, CITT AND COUNTY OF PROVIDENCE, 388. Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Commissioner
of Kentucky in and for said State of Rhode Island,
his fourteenth day of Janusty, 1933
HENRY MARTIN,
A Commissioner of the State of Kunnoky,
for the State of Rheshe Island

Ariston's Office, Frankfort, Kr., January I, two.

I hereby certify that the foregoing leading copy of the original on life in this office.

In witness whereof I have herefo set my hand and add allkest my official seal, the day and your above written.

GRANT GREENE, Andior. J. L. DANFORTH, Agent. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Ss. No. 98. DISTRICT OF KENTPOKY: JES. NO. 95.
WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN
Hied in the District Fourt of the United States,
the Million and for the District of Kentacky, on the 23d
day of January, A. D. 1893, by James Harlan, Esq.,
Atturney for the United States for the District
of Kentacky, who prosecutes horely, as well in the

For H. C. MERIWETHER, Deputy, J. Harlan, U.S. Attorney, Dated January 21, A. D. 1863. j24 d14 U. S. Marshal's Salo. BY VIRTUR of Writs of Vendl, Expones Nos. 78, 79, 81, and 87, which issued from the U

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Item Itemores by mail, when in registered letters, at its. The money must be remitted with the order fertising or paper. EO. D. PRENTICE, Editora. IVER LUCAS, Local Editor & Reporter.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1863. Pouching several days ago upon the sent condition of things, we sald:

Without the help of the abolition war upon the social order of the South, secession would ever have been attempted. The Nashville Union, making this remark ne text of nn article or a lecture entitled THE REAL CAUSE OF THE REBELLION," SAYS ongst other things:

me Union newspapers to lay the burden, or least half the odinm of our civil war, upon anti-slavery party. Editors who, through staken party zeal, thus divert the attention the people from the original and real trairs, in our humble opinion, do great injury the cause of the nation. To say that the bels have been provoked to treason by Reolicans and nati-slavery men, is greatly that if not to justify their infamous crimes t is virtually saying to the revolted State hat they are avenging themselves of repeated nd aggravated insults in making war upon e Union, the Constitution, and the laws of land. The history of this deplorable con oversy for many years fastens the guilt and sponsibility of the war upon the heads of a litical faction at the South, who were fully hich the Journal speaks, was a myth as un-bstantial as a gossamer's shadow. Slavery spered nader it and slaves increased rreater part of these escaped to places of

We are convinced that the declaration o be Journal is in opposition to the testimony of history, as to the true origin, and fountained of the Southern, or as it might more appropriately be styled the Cotton State rebel ion. For more than a generation treason an lisunion, and the establishment of a Souther lave Coafederacy had been a foregone cou clusion with the politicians of the Calhouschool to be embraced the moment the demo

lt is not a very rational supposition that a plot so long formed, and fully matured, depended on the operations of an anti-slavery party for

We condemn the statement of the Journal because it looks like an abandonment of the strongest position of the Union party, t wit: that the war for the preservation of t Union is a war for the perpetuation of fre on is opposition to democratic institution and not to abolitionism. Here is a proposition which all can comprehend, which is easy to be established, and which is universal in its application. Why weaken the force of such a war-club by idle clamors against the bugthe nation was no greater than the crim-lestroying slavery, or as if the nationus se could be helped by taking half the top of treason from the shoulders of Jef vis, and placing it upon the shoulders o

These extracts, as we believe, contain the Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessce, &c., wh th and substance of the Nashville Union ensor are hardly less remarkable than its | ness for slavery, or would spare it, or lighten emark upon the latter only. We indeed cansparent fallacy, the loftier the stride and people, AN INEVITABLE TRIUMPH FOR REBELLION

the South, secession would never have been proof of this proposition? It is simply that is prepared to outhered Herod in defence of the Molition war did not in fact impair the the anti-slavery party. Yet the men thus social order of the South and that the dis- rghteously denounced by Mr. Weed are the ion leaders of the South had plotted for the selfsame men whom the Union exculpates and stablishment of a Southern Confederacy lectures us for not exculpating. Editors, the aring the whole preceding generation and Union must allow us to say, who, through specially for the sake of the fallacy, we grant | divert the attention of the people from the rate is indisputably true. But we grant them

both. We accept as true the Union's entire our humble opinion, do great injury to th proposition assailed? The plot of the dis. zeal in the midst of a Southern communit union leaders of the South and the actual imut the effect of the abolition war on the passions of the Southern people and the use which the disunion leaders made of the war but certainly Editors cannot do this by standto work up those passions to the pitch rebellion are quite another thing which, though even more notorious than the disunion plot itself, our supercilions critic ignores completely. Yet this is the very question in dispute. The Union's argument sails. The Union mistakes the conclusion to be proved. It proves beyond the question. It talks wide of the purpose. In fine, it perpetrates the vulgar and despicable fallacy of noratio clenchi, as the basis at once of a tacit compliment to itself and of a grave reproof to all the conservative journals in the land. It is on this fallacy that the Union struts in the face of the public and especially miler our own nose. We should be inexcusa ble if we did not forgive the airs the Union puts on for the sake of the sense it puts off. But the Union's deplorable shallowness and

and extinguishing, in lieu of warming and and continual injury to the cause of the nauforion of thought will be more apparent or a special examination of this fallacy. "For a Southern slave Confederacy, had been n uthern people, who during the period named were honestly devoted to the Union. How did those politicians manage at last to enlist e people in the euterprise of a Southern Con ederacy? The masses of the people were no But we do not say or imply that the have stirred up the rebellion without the did the disunion leaders succeed in stirring up aid of the other. To say this is virtually sayand hurrying on the Southern people to dising to the people of the revolted States uo inion? By what means did these leaders ingate and fire the people to secession? of their own leaders and of the Northern nbo ere is but one answer. By the of the abolition war upon the social litionists, and that whenever they will put the Union assails, would never have been atmpt 1. The Union cannot deny this, with- deed it ever was, the im r , abo refuge of at the more time asserting, in the teeth of the South and of the No. 19 .c. To say this illiar and undisputed history, that the is virtually looking both our rel and our hope square in the face which is the first step from the heginning. The Union, as a con- toward employing the latter to remove the ientious and intelligent journal, dares not former, and establishing peace on the basis of the U. and of the Constitution As little dares it deute

noyth as unsubstantial as a gossamers' the revolted States that they are outlaws, shadow," adding that "slavery prospered nu- and have no hope except in victory. der it and sluves increased in value." As we It is in effect chullenging them to a war of exhave said, we grant this, for the sake of the termination.

argument; but, taking this for granted, the But the Union goes on. "We condemn the Inion will not deny that the abolition war, statement of the Journal," says the Union, whatever its material effect on slavery, was "because it looks like an abandoument of the riminal in motive, and actually served strongest position of the Union party, to-wit: n a feurful measure to awuken the ap- that the war for the preservation of the Union prchension and to inflame the resentment is a war for the perpetuation of free governof the Southern people. It was none the less ment, and that the animus of the rebellion is placeming because it might be as yet compara- opposition to democratic institutions, and not tively impotent. It was precisely of that de- to abolitionism." The Union in its mistaken cription of grievances, which, according to description of grievances. hilosophy, is most dangerous in a nation. It | Union's favorite position, we do not aban perated on the fears rather than on the forti- don it in our statement; we abandon no position against the disuniouists in vindicating nys Bacou, "they are in the politic body like | the position that the abolitionists are the achumors in the natural, which are apt to gath- complices of the disunionists; we only r a preternatural heat and to inflame. And let rid the national cause of the odium of o prince measure the danger of them by this, the abolitionists and fix it on the rebelwhether they be just or unjust: for that were lion. In denouncing the abolitionists and o imagine people to be too reasonable; who showing that their policy is not and cau lo often spurn at their own good: nor yet by uever become the policy of the uation, we his, whether the griefs whereupon they rise put the rebel leaders in the attitude of be in fact great or small: for they are the most setting on foot and prosecuting the rebel- OLD PRICES! lion without the cause they industriously dangerous discontentments where the fear is greater than the feeling: Suffering has its held up before the passions of the people limit, but fears are endless. Besides, in We thus contribute to persuade the people great oppressions, the same things that that the rebelliou is causeless and that their provoke the putience, do withal mate leuders are cheats and liberticides. Obvious ly this position strengthens immensely every the courage; but in fears it is not so." The abolition war on the social order of the Sonth other position against the rebellion that can was such a grievance as Bacon here describes. be supported. But the Union, in exculpating It produced greater fear than suffering; and, the abolitionists and furthering their policy for this very reason, was the more dangerous, puts the rebel leaders in the attitude of waging and, being unlawful, the more wicked. The the rebellion with the very cause they alleged. irrelevancy of the Union's argument is sur-It thus contributes to deepen the persuasion prising. The argument defies not merely logic of the people that the rebellion is justifiable out common sense and common knowledge. and that their leaders are their prophets and saviors. Obviously this position not only But the Union's critical hotchpoteh does ot end here. "It seems," says the Union, "to weakens immensely every position against the rebellion that can be supported but tends e a favorite employment with some Union newspapers to lay the burden or at least ha.f absolutely to cancel every other position. the odium of our civil war upon the anti-The position is utterly suicidal. And yet the slavery party." We have shown that at least Union, so amazing is the muddle in which it half of the odium belongs to the anti-slavery flounders, gravely conceives that it is swinging a "war-club" as formidable as the battleparty or to a faction of it and that the Union does not so much as attempt to show the conaxe with which the Black Knight in Ivanhoo trary. We have defied it even to deay exthundered against the postern of Torquilstone whilst we are uttering "clumors" as idle if no plicitly the proposition it assails. "Editors," as maniacal as the shouts of Ulrica from the the Uniou continues, "who, through mistaken summit of the burning castle. Such are the party zeal, thus divert the attention of the people nmors of mistaken zeal. from the original and real traitors, in our hum

So much for the Union's lecture to us. I falls to the ground, pride, true to its proverbial raditions, going before the fall. We have half a mind to give the Union a lecture in turn tie Southern people among "the original aud but we will not. We have enough to do to mind our own business.

ble opinion, do great injury to the cause of the

nation." The Union here, if we hold it strictly

to its own argument, includes the masses o

r al traitors," and excludes the abolitionists,

thereby not only diverting public attention

from at least half of "the original and read

traitors," but turning the public attention and

the public wrath upon a vast body of people

who were not traitors at all. The Union ex-

culpates half of the guilty but inculpates a ody of the innocent many times greater than

the whole of the guilty. And, what is more

and worse, the Union does this at a momen

when the guilty it exculpates, swollen in num-

bers and maddened with power, have, to crown

and against the common victims of both

which, if not seasonably arrested by the sterr

hand of the loyal people, will inevitably draw

down the triumph of the rebellion and over-

and confess it. We will cite the authority o

South Carolina said, by their best friends of

remained divided on the question of disunion

The Union had bosts of devoted friends i

would gladly have stood by our flag if ultr

Abolitionists would have allowed its protect

quiring in the Government and among the

ANO SLAVERY, and the consequent aspuratio

of the States, destruction of the government

and ruin of our country." The marks of em-

Will the Union venture to deny what Mr.

Weed here affirms? Not certainly unless i

very class of the original and real traitors that

are now most actively and effectually promo

ting the overthrow of the government, in

cause of the nation. And especially is this the

case when such Editors display their mistaker

have any legitimate business in such a com-

munity, the business is to aid in winning back

the people to their constitutional allegiance

ing forth as so many living witnesses to the

truth of the belief in which the rebellion lives

and moves and has its being. In this way they

furnish apologies for treason instead of incen-

tives to loyalty. They contribute to make our

victories not fruitful but barren. Their words

fall on the reviving loyalty of the people like

frost on the blushing buds of spring, chilling

developing. Undeniably such Editors do great

But the Union proceeds. "To say that the

rebels have been provoked to treason by Re-

publicans and auti-slavery men," it says, "is

greatly to palliate if not to justify their in

famous crimes. It is virtually saying to the

revolted States that they are avenging them-

selves of repeated and aggravated insults in

making war upon the Union, the Constitution

and the luws of the land." We do not "say

that the rebels have been provoked to treason

by Republicans and anti-slavery men;" we

say the disunion leaders, who are the only

ebels guilty of "infamous crimes," could not

have aroused the Southern people to rebellion

menaces of those whom the Unioa, by

Republicans and anti-slavery men."

aphemism more polite than virtuous, styles

say that without the help of the abolitionists

the disunionists would have been impotent

the abolitionists are guilty also. We say

they have been and are the common victims

come back to their allegiance, the past shall

nd of the Constitution

phasis are Mr. Weed's.

FOR SALE, DEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG OOAL AT THE Dowest market price. Also BEACH BUTTOM OOAL at much lower rates by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, "ep2l dist!" Near the corner of Third and Main.

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NOTICE. whelm the government in ruin. The fatal tendency of the abolition policy is so glaring that even distinguished Republican leaders sce I THIL FURTHER NOTICE, I WILL PAY SIX

the greatest of them in confirmation of this our per cent un those subject to len days' notice o view in particular and of our position in gen- withdrawal. A. BLAND, Banker, eral as attacked by the Union. "But slavery, is dif No. 403 Main alreet. unaided," says Thurlow Weed, "could not

WANTED. the North, the Abolitionists.' The South, but Tennessee. for such Northern auxilliaries, would have South Carolina,

> Georgia, Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES A. BLANII, Banker,

to the last.' It is not that we have any tender

any blows that can be struck at it, that w dilfer with Sumner, Phillips, Gerrit Smith and Greeley, but because we see, in the ascendancy which their incendiary policy is ac

A. BLAND, Banker,

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MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO. EPRING SESSION FOR 1863. REGULAR SPRING SESSION OF THE

Special a tention will love a ceass to Commerciation on. Students will love a ceass to Commerciation of a lower special to the first lower special to the fi Champagne Wines in stone and for security in structures, and to set the security in structures, the security in structures, and the security in the security i

317 Fourth street.

LOUISVILLE, KY

AN IMMENSE NEW STOCK

SPRAGUE, AMERICAN, MANCHES

TER, HAMILTON, MERRIMACK, AND RICHMOND PRINTS;

PLANTATION GOODS, PLAID OSNABURGS, COTTONADES

> CANTON FLANNELS, WOOL FLANNELS, KERSEYS LINSEYS,

HEAVY BROWN DOMESTICS.

Ail widths of

BLEACHED & BROWN SHEETINGS. BLEACHED SHIRTINGS.

A splendld stock of

IRISH LINENS & TABLE DAMASKS.

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY, BALMO RAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS, CLOTHS, & CASSIMERES.

All of which we offer by the piece, bale, or packag

INSURANCE! INSURANCE,

Mutual Life Insurance Company OF NEW YORK. Cash Fund belonging to the Members In-sured \$9,000,000 All the profits are divided on the mutual system two years among the members insured, minutennial dividend, February 1, 1863.

The luminess of the C.

FREDERIUK S. WINSTON, President, ISAAD ABBATT, Secretary, SHEPPARICHOMANS, Actuary, Ba. B. C. Hewett, Medical Examiner, Lonisville War Rocks—5 per cent additional to usual rates. Continental Insurance Company, NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - \$1,250,000

Three fourth of the profits returned annually the Policy holders!

GEO. T. HOPE, President.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary,
CYBUS PECK, Assistant Sec'y. North American Fire Insurance Co. NEW YORK CITY. Onganizen in 1823.
Cush Capital and Surplus - - Sillo, a00.

JAS. W. DTIS, President. R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary. Three fourths of the profils returned numually the Policy holders. Fulton Fire Insurance Company NEW YORK CITY. Cush Capital and Surplus - - - \$250,000. WM. A. UDBB, President, JAS. M. RANKIN, Secretary.

La Fayette Fire Insurance Company No. 11, WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus - - - \$175,000 T. J. RENGEN, President. JAS. B. THOMPSON, JB., Secretary.

Home Insurance Company, NEW HAVEN, CONN. Cash Capital and Surplus - \$300,000 D. R. SATTERLEE, President, CHAS, WILSON, Secretary.

Three fourths of the profits are returned annual the Policy holders. As the authorized Agent of the above named safe reliable, and just'y popular Companies, Insurance will be laken on Lives and Property at equinable taken on Lives and Property at equinable taken on Lives and Property at the distribution of an Insurance risk among several Companies is regarded as safe and more prodent than a large amount in any of company. I would respectfully solicit a portion the bus anoss of my friends and the public.

B. H. KENNEHY, Insurance Agent.

C. P. Tee No. 413 Main street, between Fourth authors of the durance of

VNITED STATES OF AMERINA, S6. No. 88.

WHEREAS, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and to the District Court of the United States, within and to the District Court of the United States, within and to the District of Kentnicky, on the 1st Jay of December A. D. 1862, by James Harlam, Esq., Attenney for the United States and Waters Thomberry, Surveyor of the port of Padacah, against 58 onness Quincine and one box of Boat and 3 barrels of Whisky, alleging, in substance, the said goods and articles were seized on land, at the cit of Padacah, in the Dictrict of Kentnicky, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1862, as terfwited to the United States and Americal States, the said articles were slipped from the point Londwille, in said Discrict of Kentucky, on the 1s day of tleober, A. D. 18 2, 16 the State of Tennesses in violation of the Act of Pengress and the procking of the Prockets.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, BS. No. 99. DISTRICT OF KENTUCAY, 188. NO. 99.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION IIAS REEN filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1832, by James Harlan, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, as well in behalf of the United States as of Charles B. Cotton, surveyor of the port of Leantwille, against 16 bales of Cotton, alleging, in substance, that said goods and articles were selzed on land, at the town of Franklin, in the District of Kentucky, on the luth day of December, A. D. 1862, as forfeited to the United States; that said articles were slipped from the town of Mintressloro, in said District of Tennessee, on the 2th day becember, A. D. 1852, to the State of Kentucky in visconders.

BUSH, MOSS, & CO. 30,000 DUNATIONS! ASH CAPITAL S20.0HH. PAID IN ANI

deposit by Company for the benefit of the su
is poor, including disabled and Indigent soddler
selit of Louisville, Ky. In the hope of contribuaterial sid to the thousands of suffering poor, ig
out of the present state of the limes, this Comag out of the present state of the lines, this Companies conceived the benevolent bleen of course of the consistent as conceived the lenevolent bleen of course of the cou

" s-Single, \$1; six, \$5; twelve, \$10; twe DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC.

FOR THE CURE OF Gonorrhæa, Gleets, Whites, Stricture

COMPLAINTS OF THE ORGANS OF GENERATION. ORRIGEA, OR COMMONLY CALLI

W. F. DAVIDSON Northeast corners of Fifth and Main stree Cincinnati, O And by druggists generally.

SUNDRIES—
I punchoon fine old Scotch Whisky;
I do fine old Jamaica Bum;
i pipes pure Holland Giu;
i pipes pure Holland Giu;
i pipes (c. Brandy;
i punch (vintage (1858) do; j30 732 Main st. (N. S.), bat. Seventh and Eighth PORT, MADEIRA, & SHERRY WINES-3 breasks Sand man's Port; 2 t do D. L. P. Madeire; 8 c do Dou Gerlon & Co. Sherry;

ale 'n quantities to suit purchasers 3 HOMPSUN & 10, 79 Fourth at Office Southwestern Agricultural and Mechanical Association, THE DIRECTORS OF THE SOUTHWESTERN Agricultural and Mechanical Association are requested to use to their office on SATPRDAY next lanuary 31, 1863, at 10% o'clock, on business of importance.

WISH TO HIRE, FOR THE ENSUING YEAR or for a term of years, EIGHT 600B NEGRO MEN work on my farm, in Henderson county, in this late, for which I am willing to pay a hieral price or particulars apply immediately to H. E. Lewis particulars apply immediately to 11. E. E. S. Main street, near Seventh. bld;2° WM. L. ALVES.

For Sale.
OFFER FOR SALE AT REASONABLE PRICE 5 x13 north of August Main, bet Fifteenth & System 19 x210 cast side Eighth, bet York and Pawthon. J. MIS B. WILLIER, J. 2011 on the and Fifth stem 19 x Miss B. Willier, J. 2011 on the and Fifth stem 19 x Miss B. Willier, J. 2011 on the and Fifth stem 19 x Miss B. Willier, J. 2011 on the and Fifth stem 2011 on the and Fifth stem 2011 on the angle of the

BLOODED HORSES, telonging to the BLOODED HORSES, telonging to the Pennsylvania Lavalry. These horses were selected by Col. James in Phildelephia, and have been in constant service since the regiment came out to Kentucky. They are burst, over 16 hands high, active and power followed by the pennsylvanian burst by the pennsylvanian burst burst by sound and he line condition. They match well,

Fire, Inland, and Life.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK. PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO. Net AssetsSI50,0110 SPRINGFIELD INSURANCE COMPANY
NOT ASSETS. \$120,000 MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY CHARTER OAK INSURANCE COMPANY
Not Assets
OF CONSECTION NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. C. M. METCALI -Policies issued and losses prompity adjusted by
J. DANFORTH, Agent. Orrice in Newcomb's building, nortwest corn Malu and Bultitt streets. Entrance on Ballitt streets.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad. A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH ON AND AFTER THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, AND until further notice, Express Treins will leave the Louisville and Nashville Depot at 7A. M., and connect at the Trestle with Train for Nashville some day. Trunks and heavy toggage will not be carried, as it will be difficult to make the transfer.

128-dtf.

128-dtf.

\$50 REWARD.

STOLEN, LANT NIGHT, FROM THE SUBscriber's stable, on the turnpike, two miles
west of New Albany, a dark brown HORSE, 2
years old next apring, to hands I inch high, a
little white in the mane where the collar crooks, a few
white hairs in forelessel, a little white on one kind
fort, and not shed. The above reward wide be given
for the detection at the thirt or delivery of the horse
Jan. 25, 1831-128-d12. SADDLES, HARNESS

COLLARS, TRUNKS,

WHIPS, BITS & SPURS SAM'L BAKER'S Saddlery Warehouse, 609 MAIN STREET,

This is the House. Don't forget the Number New Novel by the Author of Aurora Floyd.

Lady Audley's Secret. A NOVEL.

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON, AUTHOR of "AURORA FLOVIC" "JOHN MARCH-MONT'S LEGACY," "THE LADY LISLE,"

This Novel has caused an immense excitement i ondon, and will have an enormous sale here. The English press pronounce It to be far superior to "The Woman in White," "East Lynne," or any of the olebrated novels that have made their arpearance I he literary world for the past two or three years, and he furore it has created threatens to make for it a sub ven greater than Victor Hugo's Les Miserables.

No. 18 Ann street, N. Y. Also for sale by all Bookseilers in this place. opies of the above book sent by mail to any addre free of postage, nn receipt of the price.

85th SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

Assets, Jan., 1863. ush, Treasury Nates, and Cer-. \$436,561 41

nia, and other places.
S. nud State Stocks of Ken-ncky, New York, NewJersey, Ohio, Real Estate subnoumbered

LESS LIABILITIES; ... 15d.ddo od 8329,039 77

Respectfully solicit and with take pleasure in a WM. PRATHER, Agent,
No. 416 Main stre j27 dt Martis CAVALRY HORSES.

2,000 HORSES FOR L'AVALRY aer.
Stalle, Market, between Sixth and Sew will be pall.

For this control of the bighest cash price will be pall.

[Terre Haute Express and Indianapolis Journal copy to amount of Secal sind charge this office.] 416 CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP! 416

BEST COAL OIL 60 Cents per Gallon!

For sale at the CHEAP FAMILY GROCERY, Mar et street, between Fourth and Fitth, SEILER & SCHUSTER. Received by Express

Fine Havana Oranges MALAGA GRAPES. C. SCHULTHESS Corner Fifth and Chestnut

L. LYON'S

GENUINE

THE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY

AMERICAN "CATAWBA" GRAPE, And has obtained a rare popularity throughout the PURITY, QUALITY, and RICHNESS OF The want of really pure Brandy has long been felt in

this country, and the opportunity to procure an articl of such quality as to superseds the sale and use of the 'Brandy" can be regarded only as a public good. THE CATAWBA BRANDY Professes all the choice qualities of the BEST Imported Liquor, and is positively known to be of PERFECT

PURITY and of superior flavor.
In support of the above statements, we refer to the DR. A. A. HAYES, Assayer of Massachusetts, DR. JAMES R. CHILTON, Chemist, New York. DR. HIRAM COX, Chemical Inspector, Ohlo, DR. JAMES R. NICHOLS, Chemist, Boston. The Catawba Brandy,

For Medicinal Uses. We would also subjoin the following certificate: We have tested for Lord & Smith a specimen of al-I c free from all injurious additions and well adapte for Medicinal and other uses requiring a pure Brand J. V. Z. BLANEY, . A. MARRINER

Analytical and Consulting Chemists

RAYMOND & TYLER, 74 Fourth st., ede Agents for the Brandy in Kentncky, Tenness and Indiana, and to them alterders must be sent a5 d2aw&weow6m

AGS: RAGS: RAGS:
PRICE GIVEN FOR RAGS IN CASH
200 AGES OF GOOD LAND, altogether or in



AVING LEASER THE ABUVE LARGE AND COMFORTABLE ROTEL FOR A TERM OF VEARS, it Is now being theroughly repaired. The outside is to be pulnted in the best manner. The interfor is being ited and papered throughout. New carpets, lineas, and turnifure bore been added to this sheardy well-furred house. Entirely new loair mattresses will be placed in every room. The breation is the most central of Thotel in the city, being convenient to the railroot, telegraph and express offices, lenks, post-office, and ses of annacement, and willing one square of the principal stemphont building. This flotel offers avery neement to reisons either travelting for business or pleasure.

C. M. HETCALF, Praprietor, 225

F. A. MOORE,

Corner Fourth and Main sts., Louisville, Ky.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR,

215 Fourth st., between Main and Market.

FOR SALE OR RENT. VISH THE RENT THE FARM HN
h Mr. McCawley died, containing
res, lyiog on McCawley's creek, 10
from the city, on the Preston Street
here are his heres to cultivate. Doctor
myself, lithing near the premises, wilt

with the farm to any one wishing to tent.

[HENRY W. RENCE.

CAVALRY HORSES.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, ON Drug Store and Stock in Georgetown, Ky. This store is admitted to be the most complete, commodious, and handsomely arranged retsil Drug Estabishment in Kennicky. Established sixteen years ago
by the subscriber, the lassness of the house has coninned to increase every year. But on account of hi
nealth and other valid ragins he is disposed to offer a
great bargain and dispose of his store and steck,
situated magnetionable is the best yout in Kenteky lor &

QUARTERMASTERS

Stagg's New Sugar-Cured Hams.

C. E. DUNY, DENTIST. Scrond st., two doors sommer to con-ALL DENTAL OPERATIONS PER formed. Teeth inscried either on Go

For Mire, SEVEBAL NEGROMEN, one Saddler and Harness Maker and three Farm Hands. Apply to the sub-scriber at H. P. Truman's, en Main streat. 1:4 d6° J. R. WHEAT. Office Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co. LOUISVILLE, Jan. 22, 1863
A LL POLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF STHE g loterest and dividend.
WILLIS RANNEY Sec'y

NOTICE.

M. R. A. G. SANDERS WITHDREW FROM OUR
firm on the let of January, 1883,
11. II. POINIER & CO. T. R. WARREN,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT Washington, D.C., BEING ASSOCIATED WITH EMINENT COU SEL (RICH'D'S. COXE, Esq.) prosecutes Clai

NAVY DO, TREASURY DO, LAND OFFICE, PATENT DO, PENSON DO, iso all Claims which may be brought between Court of Claims for adjudicall in.

Steamer J. H. Baldwin for Sale. For ferms apply to SHERLEY & WOOLFOLK

Osnaburgs.

I HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE 12 DALES
500 yards each, Lauderdale Co., Ala., tiscaburgs
-s's wide.
122 b&j tf Fielding, Truman, & Co., Main street. Time the True Test-Experience the Best Guide.

AN OLD STANDARD REMEDY OR COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, AND AL PULMONARY COMPLAINTS. The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam REED, CUTLER, & CO., Boston d2aw&w3m E. WILDER, Agent, Louisville.

ENVELOPS, PAPER, Packages, Army Part-Follos, Valen , & also subdiers Valenthur Packages.

Z. M. SHERLEY, Pres't U. S. Mail Line Co.

H.W. WILKES, JR., MANUFACTURER AND DEALER No. 406 MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY. Leather Belting,

Rubber Belting, Rubber Packing, Rubber Hose, Bolting Cloth, Wove Wire Screen, Sheet Metals and Rivets, Lacing Leather, Wires (all Kinds), Carding Machines, Card Clothing,

WANTED.

Wanted to Rent or Leaso for a Term A GENTEEL MOJERN DWELLING.

A GENTEEL MOJERN DWELLING.

The property of the property guaranteed, and the best care of the property guaranteed, and those Prayer No. 1st, Louisville P. R. 122 page 184.

OR the ensuing year, a good COOK, WASHER and IRONER, also a good HUUSE SERVANT Apply at the Waler Co.'s office, Third st. d31 dtf

HORACE BINGHAM, General Tax Agent, JEFFERSON CITY, MO, A RARE CHANCE FOR DRUGGISTS. WILL ATTEND TO THE PAYMENT OF TAXES on delinquent and forfeited lands in Missouri, Special attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents.

uou-residents. REFERENCES,
Il On, Jan. S. Rollins...
A. S. Rollinson, Cashler...
Ilaskell & Co., Bankers...
Johnson, Byrne, & Johnson...
A. S. Barnes & Burr...
Illen, Jin. J. Crittenden...
d27 eod198 MRS. A. NAUTS.

BOYS' AND GIRLS'

ESTABLISHMENT, Boys' Suits, Jackets, Pants, Coats, and Walstoonls rls' Dresses, lufants' Sacks, Honnets, Clonks, &c. hildren's Cluthes fasbionably cut and mado at the received regularly from Paris of the ver

hal fushions.
Pluking of most elegant styles dona.
Pluking of most elegant styles dona.
Mrs. Konts also keeps an assortment of Arlicles for
schies' Toilet, including Fancy Songs, Powders,
songes, Combs, Brushes, Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorate, &n. LEA & PERRINS

CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE EXTRACT of a Letter from a Connoisseurs Medical Gentleman

at Madras 'Only Good Sauce," May, 1861. Tell LEA & PER-ss that their Sacce nighly extremed in dia, and is, in my inion, the most aud applicable to EVERY VARIETY

The above SAUCE is not only the BEST and most POPULAN CONDINENT known, but the most economical, as n few drops in Sonp, Grary, or with Fish, het nud old Joints, Beef Steak, Game, de., impart an exquisit On the Preakfiel, Lum been, Dinner, er Supper Table cinet containing "LEA & PERRINS WORCES TERSHIRE SAUCE" is Indispensable.

To appreciate the excellent qualities of this delicio

the Pure Sance before their guesta, but substitute a conduction in the sparious mixture.

For sale by Greeces and Fruiterers everywhere. JOHN DUNCAN & SONS, Union Square and Fourteenth street, New York, Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States. A stock always in Storo. Also orders received and

Breet shipments from Eugland.

**BE Become of Counterfeits and I itations.

Messrs. J. T. WARREN & CO., of Cincinnatt, order the above Same through as direct from Messrs. Lea & deel codisty GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Chartered by the Legislature of Keutucky For the Cure of all Private Diseases.

(JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY 10 CTS.), onlaining Sixty Pages and Thirty Fine Plates and En-

All transactions private and confidential. Remem-ber the name and number. Direct all letters to GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Drawer 247, Lonisville, Ky.

F.H. GIBSON, Apothecary, OAPITOL DEUG STORE, OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE, LOUISVILLE, KY. Pure and fresh Medicines, Chemicals, Drugs, &c.;
Choice Toilet and Fanoy Articles;
Fine and pure Liquors for Medicinal purposes, &c.;
Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

BOSTON,

STHE LARGEST AND BEST-ABRANGED
Litted in the New England States—is centrally located and easy of necess from all the routes of travel, because all the modern improvements and every

Cotton and Wool Cards

TUTMEG CHEESE IN loxes Nating Cle

AMERICAN HOUSE,

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD—January 29 CORRECTED DALLY BY E. N. WOODROFF, Corner Second and Chestant at THERMOMETYA.

Open Air. Max.Min BAROMYTEB. Therm'tr 7 0°ck 2 0°ck 2 0°ck 701 29 100, 24 130; 24 382 40 Paychromotor, Wind.

Contents of First and Fourth Pages. Military Directory -General Hospitals in Louisville-Police Proceedings-Louisville and Nashville Hail-Close Call-Discharged-How to Ascerbala the Sac- this city at seven o'clock A. M. scharme Value of Roots-The Last of Bank's Expedition-Have Aulmals Reason?-The Rebel Congress-The Clergy and Lulty of the Confederate Post-West Point-Talk About Health-The late Colonel Forman-Early Recollections-Gen. Burnfrom Lebanon-The Mall Service-Telegraphic Sum- ment furnishing the fuel. mary-Some of the Early Struggles of Author Kentucky Officers Commissioned - Items, &c.

All advertisements other than those of regular yearly advertisers, communications to promote private interests, obituary notices, and marriage notices, must be puid for in ndvance, and in the counting-room, by or before six o'clock P. M. No communications intended for the counting-room will be received by the j17 deod1m

Subscribers to the daily and country daily Journal will see their names priated and pasted on the paper, instead of being written as heretofore

The day of expiration of subscription is also given, allowing subscribers to renew, if they think proper, before the paper is stopped. j19 d2aw4

We have already announced under the obituary head of the Journal the death of Reuben A. Wingate, Esq., for many years a resident of this city. The announcement of his death, nlthough for many months not unexpected, occasioned a melancholy pang to those of his friends who were most familiar with his many virtues. Mr. W., in his intercourse with his fellow mcn, was modest and unobtrusive. The organization of his miad was, in his business transactions, strougly mathematical. A promise made by him in this sense was his bond, signed and sealed. His social qualities and generous benevolened of disposition, as well as his intellectual acquirements and refinements, were brilliantly conspicuous to those who were his intimate associates. During his life he occupied, her and elsewhere, places of trust and confidence, none of which he ever forfeited. In him ther were combined a native nobility of character and a strictness of application of that in all the avocations of life, which rendered him a model to'be imitated, but rarely to be equalled. He will be long mourned, and the vacancy in the family circle created by his death will be keenly felt and will never be supplied.

THEATAE. - The charming actress, Miss Charlotte Thompson, will take her farewell benefit at the Theatre this evening, appear ing in two characters, that of Fanchon, in the Cricket, and Pauline in the petite comedy of Delicate Ground. Miss Thompson has the most truthful conception of the character of take an oath of office. Reported the same the entire piece is invested with a peculiar charm, aside from its attractiveness in a sensational way. Indeed, Miss Thompson does everything she attemps well, and does muny things grandly. She has as an netress displayed very great genius; that genius has been refined by the highest cultivation, and her natural endowments and education have placed her in the very front rank of the pro ossion. She should receive a substantia compliment this evening.

COMPLIMENT TO COL. JACKSON.-Col. John P. Jackson, recently of the Twenty-third Kentucky, has received a communication signed by all the commissioned officers of the Twenty-fourth Ohio, requesting him to accept the command of that regiment, left vacant by the death of Col. F. C. Jones. Col. Jnckson is unable to avail bimself of the offer, but being entirely unexpected to him, it may be regarded as a high compliment from those with whom he was only associated by being in the same brigade.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN PROPERTY .- Officers McElvogue and Overton made unother visit yesterday to the vicinity of Grcenville, Washington county, Indiana, in search of stolen horses, and succeeded in finding two which had been stolen by Joseph Eaton and William Ramsey from Mrs. Shively, who resides five miles from the city. Ramsey and Faton, it will be remembered, were arrested some time ago, and Eaton is now in jail awaiting trial, Ramsey having been released on hail.

We have announced that Col. Stokes of Tennessee, was shot and wounded in an affray with Captain Fleming, of his regiment, Murfreesboro a few days ago. Col. Stokes was struck in the side, a rih changing the natural course of the ball. The Nashville Union says that he is rapidly recovering. Cant Fleming fled, but was arrested.

A suspicious character, made revelations last week which led to the belief that a large sum in gold and other treasure was hidden in the ground in the suburbs of the eity Diligent search was mane on Friday night at the place indicated by two of our most sagacious detectives, but no trensures was found.

At a meeting of the directors of the Southern Indiana Penitentiary, at Jeffersonville, on Wednesday, the following prison officers were elected: Clerk, John R. Monroe; Physician, Charles R. McBride; Moral Instructor, Rev. R. J. L. Matthews; Deputy Superintendent, Mr. Redmond, of Evansville.

THIEF ARRESTEO .- A man who gave his name as Jim Crow broke open the pantry on board the steamer Fort Wayne yesterday, and stole a quantity of valuable cutlery. Officer Juno got wind of the affair, and uneeremo niously "jumped Jim Crow," recovering the

property and locking up the accused. . Mr. Cratchfield, the watchman at the Government stables, shot a teamster while in the discharge of his duty last evening, inflicting a serious if not a fatal wound. Crutch field had not been arrested at a late hour last

The amount of postal currency seut to Kentucky for distribution in the various connties, exclusive of Louisville, Jefferson county is \$90,500. Of course a large amount of this

description has been disbursed in this city. Mr. D. P. Faulds, the popular publisher, will issue in a few days an admirable song by Mr. Will S. Hays, entitled the "American

Flag," which has been dedicated to Maj. Gen. Thirty sempstresses and fifteen opera-

tors of Wheeling & Wilson's sewing machin are wanted immediately at the New York Store, on Fourth street. We learn from the Nashville Union

hat seventy rebel prisoners were brought into that city on Tuesday, who were captured near Murfreesboro recently.

established at Pndueah. Dr. Spurrier will take charge of the office. Adjutant Il. K. Milward, of Lexington

has been appointed Major of the Eighteenth Kentucky Infantry, in place of Major Bracht, resigned. The gunhoat Duchess, from Cincinpati, is due at this city. She has a complete

day, a physician informs us that any officer or

soldier who has the physical ability to spend his time in dissipation in harrooms during the day, and his nights in enjoyment at the Theatre, may be regarded as eminently titted for service in the field. The question then naturally suggests itself, why do not the military inthorities of Lonisville rid the city of th army of lonugers who sport their shoulderstraps and flaunt their uniforms in the face of those who are, in the way of taxatiou, con ributing to the payment of their salaries, for which no return is rendered in the form of

In answer to the inquiry made yester-

Railroad, from both termini of the road, rau ever I go: 7 o'clock | 2 o'clock | 2 o'clock | Wet Dry | 32 | 28 | s.w. | s.w. | s.w. | day, thus avoiding the delay and aunoyance of the transfer from Colesburg to Elizabethtown. The trestle-work will soon be repaired. and trains will then run through without de road-Robel Prisoners-Hard on John Morgan-A | tention. The regular train for Nashville leaves

The price per diem which is paid by the Government for Western steamers under States-A Hospital Scene-Capture of Arkansas charter as transports is two hundred dollars for the small craft and three hundred and side's Recont Failure-The Anderson Troop-Letter twenty-five for the larger ones, the Govern-

Those who have not yet paid their State taxes for the year 1862 are informed that the time for indulgence has expired, and that, if payment be not made at once, those indebted will be returned as delinquent.

It was rumored in Nashville on Tueslay that Bragg, with his whipped army, was falling back.

Major-General Rousseau passed through ndinnapolis on Wednesday en route for New Vork. Fifty-six soldiers were received at the

ifferent hospitals in this city yesterday. KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE. FRANKFORT, Jan. 29.

BENATE. The Senate met at 10 o'clock, and was open-ed with prayer by the Rev. John S. Hays, of he Presbyterian Church. Mr. McHenry—Judiciary—A bill to repeal an act requiring certain officers and teachers in this Commonwealth to take an oath of

Mr. Whitaker offered a substitute for the ters. The statistics of the medicine business III.

(The substitute, instead of repetling, amenda the aw preposed to be repealed by extending IIs proviions, requiring the oath to be taken by lawyers, and
I officers of the State, of every grade.

Mr. Bruner moved that the bill and substias presented to the last Congress in the report tute be referred to the Committee on Revised

erred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.
The hill to divide the State into nine Conional Districts was read athird time, ac ording to the order made on yesterday.

Mr. Irvan moved that the hill be recommit

ed to the special committee on apportion-The vote was then taken upon recommit ting the bill to the Apportionment Commitreas 16, nays 15. Mr. Mcllenry moved that the committee b

structed to report to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Some other hills of a local nature were assed and then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. Prayer by the Rev. Daniel Sterenson, of the Iethodist Church.

Mr. Beeman—Education—Senate bill to inorporate the German American School Asso-

ation at Owensboro. Passed. Same-To repenl an act requiring certain with the expression of opinion that it ough oot to pass. Postponed for the present.
Same—Senate bill to incorporate the Ken ucky Book, Job, and News Printing Con

pany. Passed. Mr. Underwood-Military Affairs-To pro ride for claims against the State, contracted inder the State Guard law. Adjutant-General to liquidute and settle ald claims ith the approval of the Governor; to draw warran i the Treasury for the amount.

Mr. Bush offered an amcudment, makin t the duty of the Adjutant-General to report n what county. Adopted, and bill passed—reas 63, nays 0.
Same—To pay nine months' enlisted men

Appropriates \$50,000 for that purpose Mr. Conklin moved to amend by making e provisions of the bill apply only to those who have already enlisted.

Mr. Roussean moved to amend the amendment by adding "unless it is necessary to fill inpunies and regiments now being or-Mr. Owings moved to postpone the furthe

deration of the bill and amendments until luesday next, and making it the special order or 11 o'clock on that day. Rejected.

Wr. Ward offered an amendment providing that the Legislature of Kentucky does not ex-pect any of her soldiers, provided for by this ll, nor any who are now in the field. of the President, of the 1st of January, or any proclamation that he may issue, the inforcement of which would make our soldie aws of our own State, but to fight for the sole bject of putting down the rebellion.

Mr. Wolfe moved to recommit shebill and amendments. Adopted.

Mr. Ireland moved that the committee he nstructed to report the bill to-morrow at half-Same-For the benefit of B. F. Shepherd Allowed \$100, money used for the purpose of culisting soldiers for the United States service.]

reported a bill to lay off the State into nine Congressional districts. Made special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock. After transacting some local business, the House adjourned.

SICK SOLDIERS .- The following is a list of patients admitted to hospitals in this city on the 29th inst.:

HOSPITAL NUMBER TWENTY-ONE HOSPITAL NUMBER FOURTEEN Samuel A. Hughes, 1st Lt. co. C, 113th Ohla, N. A. Reed, 2d Lt. Co. A, 50th Ohio, HOSPITAL NUMBER TWENTY. Sephronlous Carnuhun, co. 1, 7sth Illino Thomas Donavan, co. K. 7sth Illinois. Peter Bartly, co. K, 1sth Ohlo. Christopher Robert, co. K, 7sth Illinois. HOSPITAL NUMBER THIRTEEN,

J. C. Giddings, Serg't ca. D. 125th Ohlo. Alva Hamilton, co. D. 125th Uhio. Harris B. Hotchkiss, co. D. 125th Ohio. George Hoffman, Corp. co. A. 125th Ohio. John Jones, co. D. 125th Ohio. HOSPITAL NUMBER SEVEN. Andrew Brothers, co. I, 98th Oblo.
Chester Barthelomew, co. C, 122c Objo.
Chester Barthelomew, co. C, 122c Objo.
Washington Cintter, Alus. co. F, 121st Objo.
Frank Ewing, co. B, 99th Oblo.
J. M. Fookes, co. I, 121st Oblo.
Jacob Grunt, co. A, 21ct Michigan.
James O, Hawkins, co. D, 97th Chio.
Joseph T, Hemphill, D, Maj. co. K, 89th Indiana.
D. T, Jones, Corp. co. C, 121st Oblo.
Andrew A, Lewton, co. H, 98th Oblo.

D. T. Jones, Corp., co., C., 121st Ohlo.
Andrews, Lewton, co., H, 8sth Oblo.
Marcus W. Miller, co., E., 74th Indiana.
H. E. Pathison, co., F., 121st Ohlo.
Samuel L. Ploom, co., H, 121st Ohlo.
Henry N. Rice, Corp., co., B, 7th Indiana.
John Sturns, co., A, 14th Wisconsin.
Solas W. Scott, Corp., co., I, 5th Indiana.
Robt, R. Wood, co., I, 17th Kentucky. James K. Adams, co. A. 9th Kentucky Caval-

John H. Dincan, co. I., 13th Ohio, Thomas J. Hughes, co. II, 78th Illinois, John McKee, co. K. 78th Illinois, John V. Myers, co. I., 78th Illinois, John W. Pate, co. II, 78th Illinois, Wur. J. Smith, co. C, 78th Illinois, Wm. J. Smith, co. C, 78th Illinois,

HOSPITAL NUMBER FIGHT. John W. Bealls, corporal, co. G. 113th Ohio. Sunuel S. Beck, co. E. 113th Ohio. Joseph Burger, co. B, 113th Ohio. John K. Povel, co. B, 113th Ohio.

John K. Dovel, co. E. 113th Ohio.
Jos. W. Gooding, sergoant, co. P., 113th Ohio.
Win. L. McAlexander, co. E., 113th Ohio.
Rob't H. McClean, co. G., 113th Ohio.
Rob't Moore, co. A., 113th Ohio.
George Muzzy, co. C., 113th Ohio.
Leane G. Keff, co. A., 113th Ohio.
Ephraim Parker, co. G., 113th Ohio.
Ephraim Parker, co. G., 113th Ohio.
Lance Sek, co. G., 113th Ohio.
Lugeue Smith. co. A., 113th Uhio.
Lance S. Tammundge, co. G., 113th Ohio.
Ileury L. Thrail, co. F., 113th Ohio.
Ileury L. Thrail, co. F., 113th Ohio. HOSPITAL NUMBER THREE. Benjamin Tolson, co. D. 15th Keutucky

Hoapital Number Four, Egnah Boyle, co. 1, 4th Kentucky. Newport Fielding, co. C, 1st Tannesse

iverpool Alhion of the 13th instant has tome ather amusing correspondence hetween J. Vatson Webb, the American, and W. D. Iurfreesboro recently.

Christie, the English Minister to Brazil. Mr. Webb had offended Mr. Christie, which caused that gentleman to indite a letter to Mr. Webb, are of sick and wounded soldiers, has been Christie, had prod "leaguage more that Mr. Christie, had prod "leaguage more more than Mr. Christie, which caused than Mr. Christie, which was a supplied Webb had offended Mr. Christie, which caused that gentleman to indite a letter to Mr. Webb, who replies with some asperity that Mr. Christie had used "laagnage more befitting an English groom than a Minister," referring to a difficulty at the Russian Minister's, where a challenge was hinted at and accepted by Mr. Webb, but which did not come of "I will have the to a difficulty at the Russian Minister's, where a challenge was hinted at and accepted by Mr. Webb, but which did not come off. Mr. Christic then declines any further correspondence with Mr. Webb, and wishes that the affair may be submitted to Earl Russell. This Mr. Webb does in a long letter, where he refers to an affront to the Austrian Minister, made by Mr. Christie, to the latter's persecution of one of his attaches and behavior toward him.

THE MYSTERIES OF NEW YORK

[COMMINICATED.]

Wars, national resources, political contests, eligious conventions, amusements, the Central l'ark, its swans, gondolas, &c., have been lisenssed-this letter is of the "Mysteries of New York." In the ear, steamboat, saloon parlor, at dinner, in the street, everywhere do I henr some story with relation to, or an inquiry as to the meaning of those mythical comes up to our idea of the old curiosity shep, do I henr some story with relation to, or aa raid frains over the Louisville and Nashville words, posted, printed, and advertised wher-S. T.-1860.-X.

> accompanied with a crescent and a shepherd's hook. A secession sympathizer said it was: "Sntan Triumphed in 1860 in granting the Xpectation of abolitionists;" while a Republican said it was: "Stump-Tail Democrats of 1860, gone to Texas;" another, "To the State society, like, "Sons of Tecumchia are 1860 gans. Strong," or "Seward Tricksters of 1860 Used Up," &c., &c. Well, your correspondent was TAWBA BRANDY, a highly approved Tonic Davis's Tetter Ointment for all cruptions of late suppers had given him a horrid dyspepsia. He read the advertisements, and of conrse bought a bottle of Plautation Bitters; the Bitters eured him, and on the bottle appeared those same cabalistic letters: S. T. -1860,-X. I travelled straight for 202 Broadway, introduced myself to the celebrated Dr. Drake, and was shown the elephant-tusks, S. T. and all -and a great institution it is. A six story building in Dcy street, from cellar to garret Is occupied as a laboratory for producing this single medicine. Some forty persons are cmployed; several vats, holding six thousand gallons each, are filled with roots, herbs, and material, and then soaked in water, and the expression preserved in pure St. Croix Rum. I here saw the bags, boxes, and bules of Culisaya Bark, Wintergreen, and other materialand the original St. Croix Rum puncheous ocaring the Custom-house brand. It seemed that medicine could here be turned out to supply a world of invalids-yet these gentlemen are unable to fill their orders for Plantation Bitters alone. I was shown many certificates of extraordinary cures effected by these Bit-

of Mr. D. S. Barnes are enormous and starting, amounting to some six million dollars annually. The proprietors of these Bitters will pay Uncle Snm near fifty thousand dollars Mr. Grover moved that the reference be to he Committee on the Judiciary, which was resources government loans ought to stand at resources government loans ought to stand at And the bill and substitute were then re- par, and Jefferson Davis might as well pack np and start for Jerusalem. * * * * J. H.

We are happy to reproduce the above letter, and add that any ordinary case of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Affection, Sour tomach, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Ileadache, Diarrhoen, Sinking Weakness, Mental Despondency, &c., can be cured by the Planlation Bitters.

That all persons may judge of its efficacy, we publish a list of some of the articles used n its preparation CALISAYA BARK-Celebrated for over two nundred years in the treatment of Fever and

the Viceroy of Peru, in 1640, and was afterwards sold by the Jesnits for the enormous officers and teachers of this Commonwealth to name of Jesuit's Powders, and finally made of the West?

ake an oath of office. Reported the same, public by Louis XVI. King of France, Hum- 2d. If so, what is his proper address? ublic by Louis XVI, King of France. Humooldt makes especial reference to its tebrifuge qualities during his South American travels. CASCARILLA BARK-For diarrhoen, colic, and iseases of the stomach and bowels.

> and dropsical affections. CANONILE FLOWERS-For enfeebled diges LAVENDER FLOWERS-Aromatic, stimulant

DANGELION-For inflammation of the loins

and tonic-highly invigorating in nervous WINTEAGREEN-For scrofula, rheumatism,

Axisk-An aromatic carminative, creating flesh, muscle, and milk; much used by mothers nursing.

Also, clove buds, orange, carraway, coriander, snakeroot, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure. ST. CROIX RUM.

The powerful, invigorating, and tonic prop erties of St. Croix Rum have been long ac knowledged by the physicians of the world. For consumption it is the only stimulant that should be used.

S. T.-1860-X. Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish rigin, imparting beauty to the complexion and hrilliancy to the mind, is yet unknown to the commerce of the world, and we withhold its name for the present.

Dr. W. A. Childs, surgeon of the Teuth Vermont Regiment, writes: "I wish every soldier had a bottle of Plantation Bitters. They are the most effective, perfect, and harmless onie l ever uscd."

The following is from the famous hotel proprietors, at Washington: WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 4, 1862. MESSIS, P. II. DIAKE & Co.—Gentlemen Please send us twelve dozen Plantation Bit-ters. They are much liked by the guests of

ur house. Respectfully yours, SYKES, CHADWICK & CO., Proprietors Willard's Hotel. Rochestea, Dcc. 28, 1861. MESSES, P. H. DAAKE & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for three or four years. I have tried many if not all the remedies recommended for its cure Instead of relief, I became worse, had to abandon my profession, and suffered greatly from everything I ate. My mind was much affect ed, depressed, and gloomy. About three months ago I tried the Plantation Bitters, and

o my grent joy l am nearly a well mau. ns far as I know, always with signal benefit. I am, very respectfully yours, REV. J. S. CATHORN.

Such is the language reaching us daily. No article over had an equal sale. Under no cirumstances will the pure standard of the mateal used be departed from. These Bitters are sold by all principal druggists, grocers, hotels, and restaurants. Be sure

each bottle bears the fac simile of the proprietor's signature, on a steel plate label. P. II. DRAKE & CO.,

202 Baoaoway, New York. d27deod2m&w1&beod2m

DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. FRANKFORT, Jan. 29, 1863. Bick of Kentucky vs Floyd, Warren; reversed.

F. M. Ray, Esq., of Hickman county, was admitted Allorney in this Court.
Heidelbach, Seasongood, & Co. vs. Merkley & Co.
Lou. Ch'y; rule vs.appellants to give additional securiyou sup's bond; discharged.
Tarter vs. Tarter, Pulsski;
Wills et al vs. Lewis et al, Clarke; petitious for recering filed. aring filed. Amburgy's adm'r ve Amburgy's ælm'r and helm

ailey va Tipton, Rowan; orvill va H'Naris' adm'r. Unlon Carvill vs It Naris admir, Union; Parker et al vs Vaughn et al, Union; Amberson's adm ret al vs Amberson s helrs by guar-ism, Union; were submitted on Irlefs. Winn vs Martin, of color, Clarke; argned by Hus-infor appellee. ou for appellee. Stower's vs Cook, Pendleton; Knight vs Coppage, Pendleton; continued. Sundry cuses from Scott county were submitted o

THE LOSS IN BRECKINHIDGE'S COMMAND A MURRREESBORO. — The Mohile Advertiser of the 13th publishes a dispatch dated Tullahoma Tennessee, Jan. 12th, which saya:

Our pickets are now within six miles of furfreesboro. The official reports show a more sanguinary conflict before Murfreesboro an was at first supposed. Hardec's corp on the brightest distinction. Every office Breckinridge's staff was wounded or had is horse shot under him. Col. O'Hara, Chief and sixty-two.

A Freuch savan, M. Foucault, claims that he has found a mistake in the received estimate of the velocity of light, and that it moves at the rate of 894,000,000 feet per second, in alead 927,000,000. If he is right, the common calculation of the distance of heavenly bodies ENTRATED LYE-200

Notices of the Day.

Mesers. S. G. Henry & Co.'s special ale of 300 lots assorted winter dry goods, lothing, heavy liuseys, gold and silver watch-s, and fashionable jewelry, will come off this torning (Friday) at 10 o'clock at auction

We noticed yesterday in the show-win-ow of Messis. Green & Green a magnificent pair of horns, presented to them in apprecia tion of the fact that in their line of busines they are fully entitled to the horns. Sec advertisement of Gleudale Female College in another column.

The tinware establishment of Messrs as it would be difficult to suggest anything in the domestic line that can be formed of tin that cannot be found in their collection. Son others which they have manufactured, partic ularly their planished ware, are really unsur-passed. Through the efforts of Messrs. B. &

. housekeeping is minde comparatively cas and all beginners should consult them. GENUINE PREPARATIONS for sale by Ray Taxes of 1860 add ten (X) dollars;" another months that they were the watchwords of some secret bold's Bucht for diseases of the Urinary Or-HELMBOLD'S SARSAPARILLA for Cleans ing the Blood. DEGNATH'S ELECTRIC OIL for Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Lyon's Ca-

> HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY-Is the place to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can suit auy hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens scut safely by mail.
>
> | West | Will pay 60 cents (cash) per dwt. fo N. B.—Stencil Brands eut as usual.
> R. C. HILL,

the skin.

j?9 dtf 407 Main street, helow Fourth Foucy Tuck and Side Combs, also cory, Shell, Buffalo, and India Rubber Tuck Combs, a large assortment, just received at i28 J. SUES'.

Walking Dolls, at J. SUES. Grover and Baker's sewing muchines received the first premiums at the State Fairs last held in New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Kentucky, Tenaessee, Virginia, North Caroliaa, Alabama, and California, including every State Fuir exhibited in 1862. n25 d3m

Mycrs & Brother keep constantly nll the late News Illustrated Pupers, new Periodi-eals, Diaries, Stationery, Pocket Books, Alma-nes, Postage currency, Holders, and fancy urticles generally, at 103 Fourth street, unde To Sutlers and County Dealers,-1 am

prepared to fill orders to any amount for bot-tled Ale (quarts and pints), also Ale in barrels, half harrels, and kegs.
PlilLO M. CLARK, Agent for Sands' Chicago Cream Ale, 123 Fourth st., bet. Main and river. j24 d12 UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS . -

have on hand, and will constantly keep, a full supply of the above stamps. Persons ordering by mail may depend upon Aving their orders and Office in Custom-house.

PHILIP SPEED,

j22d&w1m Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky. Notice.-Citizens and strangers who desire news in ndvance of the mail, enn always obtain the daily papers of Chicago, New York, St. Louis, and Cincinnati at the sign of the Star, Third street, near Main.
WM. II. EHRICH, j21 dlm Agent Cinclnnati Commercial.

DIRECTORY OF THE HOSPITALS. The United States Sanitary Commission have established an office of information in re-Ague, Dyspepsia, Weakness, &c. It was introduced into Europe by the Countess, wife of books, which are corrected daily, an answer can, under ordinary circumstances, be given by return mail to the following questions: price of its own weight in silver, under the ment) at present in any hospital of the Army

> 3d. What is the name of the Surgeon or 4th. If not in hospital at present, has he reently been in hospital?
> 5th. If so, did he die in hospital, and at

6th. If recently discharged from hospital, was he discharged from service?

7th. If not, what were his orders on leaving?
The Commission will also furnish more specific information as to the condition of any patient in the General Hospitals, within as short a space of time as possible, after a request to do so from an officer of any of its cor-

Tho office of the Directory will be open daily from 8 o clock A. M. to 8 o clock P. M., and accessible in urgent cases at any hour of the night. JOHN, S. NEWBERRY, M. D. Secretary for the Western Department U. S. THE ONLY DVE ...

No. 439 WALBUT STREET, Louisville, Ky., HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT WESTERN KY., } Louisvelle, Jun. 8, 1863. All baggage or parcels going over the Louis-ille and Nashville Railroad must be brought

to the office on Funrth street, under the United States llotel, one day previous to the day shipped on railroad, to be examined and sealed. By order of Brig. Gen. Boyle.

J. B. WEIR, Inspectors of Passes and Baggage.

Office open from 9 A. M. to 5 l'. M. j9 dtf The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machino is acknowledged to be the best family machine ever offered to the public. With the late im-provements, consisting of the magic glass cloth presser, and improved hemmer; the braide, and corder, all of which accompany our im roved machines, render it far superior to auy the market. Over one hundred thousand f these machines sold in the United States Every machine warranted for three years. WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents,

j5 deod6m No. 1, Masonie Temple. FORTY-FOCATH KENTUCKY INFANTAY—Avoid the Draft!—The War Department having authorized the raising of nine months' men in lieu of the draft in Kentucky, Colouel Isaac Shelby Todd has been authorized by Gov. Robinson to recruit a regiment of nine months men to be mustered into the service of tho United States as infantry. tled to the same pay, clothing, and allow-ances as other troops, except that they will receive no bounty. In all other respects they will be on the same footing with other troops John M. Semple, of Louisville, is associated with Colonel Todd as Lieutenant-Colonel, and

James T. Bramlette, of Adair county, as Ma-Those who desire to raise companies for this (41th) regiment can report to Col. Todd at Shelbyville, Licut. Col. Scinple at Louisville, or Mnjor Brainlette at Columbia, Adair counity to progress with the work.

ARMY MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, Persons having business with this off officers of the army, and citizens, will please call between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M. Tho office will herenfter be closed on Sunday.

A. P. MEYLERT Surgeon U.S. Vols, Medical Purveyor, n25 dtf

A CHANCE FOR ALL.-Col. A. J. Alexande wants to enlist one company more of picked men for the Thirty-sixth Kentucky Mounted Infantry within ten days. As no officer for the company has been designated, they can choose all their own officers from the members of the company. Call at his recruiting office, on the south side of Main, near First, 022 dtf

For all kinds of lumber, dressed and nodressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexauder, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and hlind factory and number yard, on Fulton street, just acove Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston streets, and corners of walnut and preston streets. or leave your orders at their warerooms on Main street, nearly opposite the Galt House

MARRIED. On Thursday, January 29th, by Rey, James Uraik N. SMITH, F. S. A. to Miss LUCINDA Pore, daugh er of Wm. R. Pope, Esq.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TO MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS & TOBACCO NFORMATION HAVING REACHED US TO THE of the kind, without being In any manner hunrlous t the skin-removes freckles, pimples, &c .- preserving he skin, making it soft and smooth if used accordng to directions. Every bottle highly perfumed, and and that in the case of Cigais and Tobacco the dolles nust be paid, no matter how small the quantity man-ifactured or produced.

For some violating this provision of the law are sub-cet to a penulty of the torfetture of the goods and a nuc of live hundred dollars.

129 de PHILIP SPEED, Collector.

PLANTATION MOLASSSS—25 bylo do do do;
In stere and for sale by GARDNER & CO ZINC WASH-BOARPS 50 degen just received by 100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF for sa EDW. WILDER, 544 Main at.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE. COUNTE OF FOURTH AND GREEN STREET BE Benefit and last appearance of Miss CHAR-LOTTE THOMPSON.

HIS EVENING (Friday), Jan. 30, will be performed the beautiful 5-act brants entitled LITTLE FADETTE, or the CRICKET-Fauchor Viveaus (Little Gricket). Miss Charlette Thompson To encly by With the elevant Concely of DELICATE GROUND-Faulics, Miss Charlotte Thompson. 935 Private Boxes \$5 and \$8. Dress Circle and Par quette 75 cents. Second Tier 35 cents. Gallery 1 onts. Colored Boxes 35 cents. Gallery location open at 6 2 and Curtain rises at 7 4 o'clor precisely.

For parliculars see small bills.

FIRST GRAND MASQUERADE BALL COTILLON PARTY To be given by the National Club AT THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL

On Thursday, Feb. 12, 1863.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
H. J. Smith, J. Marti MANAGERS: H. Bropser FLOOR MANAGERS:
J. Martin, L. Cummins, II. (
R. Butler, J. Sweitzer, III. I
A.F. Herman, J. Hortman, T. L
W. Assistant Chief, II. J. S

BY C. C. SPENCER.

AUCTION SALES.

URNITURE AND HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES COUNTER, AND SHELVING AT AUCTION. IIIS (FRIDAY) MORNING, Jan. 20, at 18 o'clor will be sold, at Auction-Rooms, No. 329 Main stre icles generally. Tecms cash C. C. SPENCER, Auctioned

BY C. C. SPENCER. TEAMBOAT, FLATBOAT, AND ARMY EQUIT MENTS, AT AUCTION. GIAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2, AT, will be sold, for account of whom it may

C. C. SPENCER,

BY E. & W. LEVI.

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, at 9 O'CLOCK A. M., we will sell, at our Anction and Commis-sion Stable, on Market and Seventh streets—

P. Sales every Wednesday and Saturday (30)]2* ELIAS LEVI, Auctione

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. SPECIAL CASH SALE OF DESIRABLE, SEASON ABLE DRY GOODS, CLOTHING AND CARPET HAGS, HEAVY PENITENTIARY WHITE LIN SEYS, GOLD AND SHATER LEVER AND LA PINE WATCHES, AND RICH, FASHIONABLE JEWELRY

AT AUCTION. ON FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 30, at 10 o'clock we will sell, without reserve, for cash, at Auction Rooms, some 300 lots of assorted INTER DRY GOODS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES READY-MADE CLOTHING & CAUPET BAGS. PIECES HEAVY PENITENTIARY WHINE LIN-

OLD AND SILVER WATCHES AND NEW STYLE FANCY JEWELRY just received direct from the manufacturer. S. G. HENRY & CO.,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

S-T-1860-X. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS

SPERMATORRHŒA CAN BE CURED.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE THE ONLY DYE.

.....Sworn to be polsonle For a living brow THE UNLY DYE.,

For all who desire to have the color of their hair changed with safety, certainty, and rapidity to any Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Aster Hor

New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Halr Price 21, \$1 50, and \$3 per box, according to size Cristadoro's HairPreservative Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the atme

Price 50 cts, \$1, and \$2 per bottle, according to siz

STEAMBOATS. Will leave on this day, the 30th inst, as 12 M. For freight or passage apply of board or to MOOMIBAD & CO., Agents. Louisville & Evansville U.S. Mailboats Leave daily (Sun lays excepted) at 5 o'clock P. M. For Owenshore. Evansville, Henderson, and All Intermediate Landings.

The Splendid Fassenger Sleamers STAR GREV EAGLE............. Capt. J. HUTSENFILLER Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M. Nutlec. --All freights and Passengersmust be at the Portland Wharf betore 5 P. M., os the boats will no he delayed after that time under any circumstances letters, Bills of Loding, Packages, & ..., must be lef with the agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 P. M.

J. H. BENCE, Sup't, REGULAR PACKET-U.S. MAIL MOBNING LINE Connecting at Cinciunati with Early Eastern Trains.
FOR CINCINNATI.
The magnificent passenger stemmers

The magnificent passenger stenmer MAJ. ANDERSON, Illinaeth, master GEN. BUELL, Whitton, master. One of the above steamers will leave for the above ort daily at 12 clock M.

For Ireight or passage apply on board or to JOSEPH CAM PIGN, Agent, Office at the Whatfboat, for d of Third at. Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF JNO. F. HOWARD & CO. It dissolved by the death of Mr. John F. Howard lating from 23d instant. Any claims against the later will be certified by me.

GEO. C. HUNTER, Surviving partner, Surviving partner, I WILL CONTINUE THE COMMISSION BUSI-ness on my own account at the house formerly oc-cupied by Ano. F. Howard & Co., Main, between Third and Fourth streets. Jan. 27, 1883.—128 dtf GEO. C. HUNTER.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMP Of every description can always be had at the Northern Bank.

WILKIE COLLINS'S LAST. NO NAME, Received and for sale by JOHN P. MORTON & CO., j28 j6&b6 425 Main at.

TO THE LADIES. NEW SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED A "PRARL DHOPS" on hand, the only preparation hat imports a beautiful and healthy color to the face nd not the "death-like rallor" of other preparation

Mozart Hall Drug & Prescription Store, TOBACCO. OXES EXTRA BRIGHT FOUN

do av. Virginin do do
do av. Virginin do
do IXI. Ashland bright do
do back to hump, choice;
do do do do, do,
caddies durk 'jtb, do
do do do, choce;

10) do bright 'th, choice; la store and for sole on consignment by It. H. COWAN, 1,29 do No. 7,4 Main st., Let. Seventle and Eighth

TAR! TAR!

300 IRON BOUND BUCKETS, 1 GAL. EACH:
do do do do, 2 gals. do;
In sters and lot sale on consenient by

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS Bright Prospects in the Future,

Latest Intelligence from Mexico. The French Completely Routed.

The Latest News from New Orleans

The Iron-clad Winona all Safe. Destruction of a Rebel Gunboat.

The Capture of a British Steamer.

Yominations by the President. Mr. Wilson's New Eulistment Bill.

The Latest Foreign Intelligence. Congressional Proceedings, &c. &c.

Washington, Jan. 29, The Star, in a long article last night ou mil-

tary anticipations, throws out the following as an important fact: The prospect for the success of our arms was never brighter than at the present moment. Those informed upon he converged to the contract that the present moment. e Government's military plans, conditions, nd positions of our forces, supplies, &c., are cell aware of the fact, hnwever ignorant of the public at a distance may be.

The President sent to the Sennte the names f Frank P. Blair and Alex. Doubleday, as lajor-Generals of Volunteers. The nomina-

The report of the House proceedings left off t two o'clock this morning, after which Mr. otter said that in view of the country be deemed it his duty to characterize the dilatory roceedings of this house as disgraceful.

FOATRESS MONROE, Jan. 28. The Richmond Whig of the 26th has the The enemy is advancing from Newbern in wo columns, one towards Kiugston and the ther towards Wilmington. Mobile, Jan. 26 .- A despatch dated McMinn llc, Jan. 24, says the enemy attacked Mor-u's regiment this morning. After two bours'

rd lighting with the superior force, our men Goldsboro, N. C., Jan 25 .- It is reported that the abolition fleet, with nincty-two sail, in-cluding two Monitors and six other iron-clads, ard in Beaufort harbor; also, that thirty-two housand abolitionists are eucamped in More

head, North Carolina.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29. In the Court of Quarter Sessions, Judge Ludlow requested the grand jury to lay all other business aside until the authority of the State has been vindicated, directing the jury to hold a consultation and take action on the arrest of Mr. Boilleau, the proprietor of the Evening Journal, and the closing of his establishment, and call before them all concerned, that they may be asked under what authority they acted, and why he (Boilleau) was removed om the State. The Judge stated that he acted n his own authority in this matter, without

sulting his brother judges. The course of Judge Ludlow in regard to the arrest of Boilleau, the proprietor of the Philadelphia Evening Journal, is the subject of conversation everywhere, and excites unicreal attention. The high character of Judge Ludlow as an impartial magistrate gives his lecree considerable influence. Ilankishuag, Jan. 29.

The arrest of Mr. Boileau, of the Philadelphia Evening Journal, has been brought up in the Legislature by resolutions offered by Senators Douovan and Wallace. That of the former authorizes the Governor to go to Wnshngton and demand the release of Mr. Boilem Donovan supported it in an able speech, which was replied to by Lowery. The resolutions were referred to the Committee, and a motion discharge the committee from its considera ion was killed by a strict party vote Considerable excitemeni prevails in regard to the arrest, and the Democrats of the Hous held a caucus this morning, and resolution

similar to that offered by Senator Donova will be passed to-day.

The House has passed the bill for the pay ment of State interest in coin, and the Senate will concur before the adjournment this even-

New Yoak, Jan. 29. The Captain of the steamer Eagle, from Ilarana, states that the American Consul, Shunorities against allowing the pirate to leave ntil 11 A. M. on the 23d instant, but the irate Captain stated that the Federal cruiser onld capture him if not allowed to go sconer id he was allowed to go. Soon after the rate had passed the guard-ship at night, the Vauchusett arrived at the same spot, and the spauish authorities kept the Wnnchusett there

Advices from New Orleans by the Bioho upon the principle, which has always governed my action through life, that when I am satisfied the state that Gen. Grover was nt Baton Rouge A strong force at Carrollton was under Gen.

Gen. Banks was still in New Orlenns. He had reiterated Gen. Butler,s order taxing cer-tain rebel merchants for the support of the lle had cautioned the public against offering sult to soldiers, and refused to allow the pub ication of Jacob Barker's paper. Gen. Hamilton Milgrove, of Texas, adessed a very large meeting at New Orleans

oho is highly important. Advices from Mexico contirm the reported defeat of 4,000 Fronch under Gen. Bertbier by 800 Mexican cavalry. It occurred in a fog at two o'clock A. M., December 18th. The rench were completely routed. The Mexican eneral Prisida had captured a convoy from alapa for Perute.
The Mexican General Negrito with 10,000 nen made a sortic from Puebla and attacked

a French division, 14,000 strong, at Acapate, eight leagues from Puehla, completely routing the latter. The French had to retreat to most ent off. Jalapa and Tampico are abandoned by the

The small-pox is raging in Vera Cruz. . WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. The United States steamer Aurora on the 0th inst. captured the English steamer Rising Dawn, with a cargo of 2,682 bushels of salt and a large quantity of lucifer matches, soap, fee, and gunny hags. She was from Nassau and was trying to run the blockade Tho United States steamer Ottowa on the st inst. captured the schooner lleteman, ith 99 bales of cotton, trying to run out o

he lluntress, while attempting to run the lockade, was destroyed by fire. Her crew nd passengers were saved by the boats from he Quaker City. The Navy Department has received infor-nation that the naval expedition up White iver, under Lieutenant Colonel Walker, was neer, under theutenant Coloner waker, was incressful. He pushed on to Duval's Bluff on the Baron DeKalb. The capture of the guns alluded to in his report renders it very difficult or the rebels to defeud the approach to Little Rock, and it is believed that the State of Ar-

ansas is completely in our power.

On the 8th inst, the steamer Tropic, formerl

The following is just received from New A cavalry and artillery force left Brashear ebel gunboat Cotton was engaged by skirener gunnant Cotton was engaged by sharp-nishers and her guns were silenced by sharp-hooters picking off the gunners. A battery vas also silenced. Lieutenant Buchanan was cilled by a shot from a rifle-pit. Our loss was therwise slight. Skirmishing was still going n, and the forces are advancing. Later—New Orleans, Jan. 15.—Gen. Weitzel as succeeded in destroying the rebel gunboat cotton, and is recrossing the bay. The expelition was entirely successful, NEW Youk, Jan. 29.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

The Associated Press are advised from Washngton that the paper combination are active ington that the paper combination are active in endeavors to prevent any legislation for our relief either in obtaining a reduction or auspension of the duty on paper. We also believe the combination intend to put up the price of paper almost at will, and the fear of our getting foreign paper under the reduced duty only now prevents the exercise of this power. When the fear is relieved by the adjournment of Concress we shall be forced to pay ruinous prices. gress, we shall be forced to pay ruinous price or paper. We therefore recommend ever ditor and proprietor to write to his membe ing speedy action for our relief

A letter from paymaster Train, on board the anhoat Winoao, refutes the report of her loss, le writes, we run upou a suken log on the fle writes, we run upou it suken log on the loth of Jinuary, and came near upsetting, bu went over it. We are bound for Donaldson ville, where, we learn, there are some iron clads. It we find them there will be fur New York, Jan. 29. The steamship St. Mary, from New Orleans oth via Key West 21th, has arrived. The guaboat Tioga arrived at Key West on

BOSTON, Jan. 29.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 29. Our fleet of twenty-nine transports, with bree gunboats, the Lexington, St. Clair, and illiant, arrived this morning. The first oals, was attacked by two hundred guerils having three 6-pounders. The boat was ruck three times, but not damaged. She rearned the fire and shelled the rebels from The fleet was not interupted. he gunboats with eight unloaded steamers of for Clarksvillo at six o'clock P. M.

In the case of Benjamin Williams, a black man indicted for Grand Larceny hefore the criminal court, the question whether he was a free man or a slave at the time the Isrceny was committed, Jan. 6th. It was argued at length. The penalty in the former case being incarceration in the peniteutiary; in the latter incarceration in the peniteutiary; in the latter incarceration.

St. Louis, Jan. 29.

and, if the uncommitted williams a wful a price.

Sympathetic anti-slavery resolutions in favor of Lincoln continue to he adopted in various parts of Eogland.

It is reported that the Alabama was probably supplied with the best Welsh coal by a relay of ships.

The Daily News approves President Linguistics of the part of the price of Lincoln continue to he adopted in various parts of Eogland.

The Daily News approves President Linguistics of the part of the p ippi, but previous to his arrival in this State, wo or three months ago, he was the property f Maj. Thrailkill. of Arkansas, who at the time was a prisoner to the Union forces.

Judge Clover has given an elaborate decisbeing once lree is forever free, the Judge knowing no power or law by which a man eing onee emancipated can be again manci-

Washington, Jan. 29. The following important bill for raising troops, and re-enlisting those in service, was presented in the Senate to-day by Mr. Wilson: presented in the Senate to-day by Mr. Wilson: The first section provides that such volunteers and milhita as are now in service, who may re-enlist for one year after the expiration of the present term of service, shall be entitled to a bounty of lifty dollars, one-half to be paid on re-enlistment, and the other half on expiration of the service; and to such as re-ealist for two years, the bounty of the act of July, 1861. The second nuthorizes the President to make all rules and regulations for mutting make all rules and regulations for putting this act into execution, and the curchment in all cases shall include all able-bodied male art cases shall include all inde-bodied male citizens except such as may be exempt by existing United States laws. Exemptions for physical disability shall be made only afterdraft. Section third authorizes the President to call out the militia for any time not exceeding two years. Section four declares that when any one is drafted, he shall be deemed to be in methal service and subject to the x provide that the militia shall be placed or ne some footing as all other troops, and that every person not subject to the rules of war, who shall entice soldiers to desert, or purchase arms, clothing, &c., shall be subject to imprisonment. Section seventh provides that, wheaever a single regiment of volunteers or militia is reduced one half of the maximum number, the President shall direct the idation of all companies. Sectious eighth and ninth provide that, whenever a regiment is re-duced below the minimum, no more officers shall be appointed, and that the law requirin the President's approval to courts marital ser tences, in case of deserters, be repeated. Sec tioa tenth provides that, on the passage of this act, the President may issue a proclamation declaring that all soldiers absent from reginents without leave may return without pur ishment within a certain time. Section eleventh reduces the officers to the ranks by courts martial who are absent without leave from ompanies. Section twelfth imposes a fine of

INGIANAPOLIS, Jan. 20 In the House this morning the time was principally occupied in debating a proposition for numering the Constitution so as more effectually to prevent fraudulent voting. Finally the question was referred to the appropriate to the approp

500 and imprisonment two years on any one

There is also a general feeling in favor of

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 29. The Senate to-day passed the House resolufor emsneipation purposes in this State by ote of 26 to 2.

XXXVIITH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 29. Mr. Saulsbury-Mr. President, I wish to say a few words which I deem proper on the ect of certain charges made at 8,433c. and to express my sincere regret at what occurred on Tuesday evening last in the Senate I regret the violation of the rules of this body I had no disposition and no desire to violate them, and if upon that occasion I said any. them, and if upon that occasion I said an thing offensive to any Senator, I extreme regret it. In reference to the matter of the pistol I deem it due to myself to say that I ar not in the habit of wearing arms. I never wore arms a month in my life, I would have much sooner injured myself than to have injured the Sergeant-at-arms or any Senator on the floor, and therefore I think it is due to my own manhood to make this plain statemen I do not intend it to influence the action of the Senate on the resolution now before it, but

individual here that, if upon that occasion I used toward him any discourteous lunguage, regret it.
Mr. Clark—I came to the Senate this morniag with the determination to call up the reso-lution I introduced yesterday, for I thought it due to the Senate and country that prompt action should be had upon it, but upon the statement of the Senator from Delaware will not call it up this morning, but will take the advice of Senators older than I am and then take notiou as may he advised.

HOUSE. Lust night various questions of order were raised, and the flouse adjourned at hulf-past five this morning.

On metion of Mr. Lovejoy, the Committee on Agriculture was instructed to inquire into the expediency of collecting agricultural statistics through the assessors of internal revi

Mr. Wallace, the delegate from Washington Territory, offered a resolution, which was adopted, inquiring as to the expediency of devoting the proceeds of public lands to instrucon in the military profession.
On motion of Mr. Harrison, it was Resolved. That the Committee on Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into the expediency of an act prohibiting banks and individuals from receiving deposits of gold to se-cure the payment of money horrowed; that they inquire whether such an act will not prevent the speculation in gold now going oa, and thereby protect the Government and people from the evils of such speculation, and that the committee have leave to report by hill

The negro-soldier bill was then taken up. Mr. Ilickman modified his substitute, strik-ng out the distinction of white or colored as Maynard moved to refer the subject to he Military Committee. Mr. Cox said the gist of his objections was that this bill placed the black upon a perfect

quality with the white soldiers.

Mr. Maynard said his object in moving to refer was that the bill might be deprived of those features which made it odions, with countervailing advantage to the United States. dent might employ such persons of African descent as he might deem useful. Under this bill, not only black Brigadier but black Major-Generals might be appointed. The oppositio of the Border State men was not factions, it was made in seriousness because the bill migh cause serious injury. They had submitted to a good many things which they considered injurious. He hegged the gentlemen that when they found it necessary to adopt measure injurious of their industrial they would ures in violation of their judgment, they make the dose as palatable as possible by gild

Dunn was favorable to the policy o this bill, but wished it to provide explicitly that black men should not command white Mr. Porter offered an amendment to meet this point.

Mr. McPherson said the author would con

fine the ollicering to the white men.

Voices—Who is the author? Name him.

Mr. Wickliffe—The author is the Secretary Buffalo, Jan. 29, 1 A. M. No conclusion of House proceedings reeived up to this hour.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29. The Edinburg has arrived, from Liverpoo The French official documents explaining the foreign policy of the French Governmen were distributed among the Legislative corps

ARRIVAL OF THE EDINBURG.

of England and Russia to join France, but the Emperor has not refrained from acquainting the Cabinet at Washington that his Government Objective Lagrangian Cabinet at Cabinet at Washington that his Government still ready to mediate provided the Ameriin Government desires it. France should facilitate the restoration of beace, either alone or collectively, in whatever The Mexican ouestion is referred to as having entered the military phase, of which the

; iThe news by the Scotia, particularly as to the movements of the Democrats, is construed as favorable for peace; but the Etna's advices

dispelled that idea.

The Emancipation Proclamation claimed serious attention, but was received too late for much newspaper comment. The Morning Post terms it the death warrant of the United States, and says it would be a terrible act if it could be enforced, but regards it as wholly inoperative. The Star thinks, whatever may be its immediate effect, it rings the death-knell of alayers.

The river is at a stand, with ten feet water the thosels.

St. Louis, Jan. 29.

In the case of Benjamin Williams, a black an indicted for Grand Larceny hefore the land indicted for Grand indicted for Grand Larceny hefore the land indicted for Grand ind

coln's emancipation proclamation.

The Times reiterates its former diatribes against the proclamation. [Very latest by telegraph to Queeustown.]

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Cotton sales for two days are 5,000 bales, and the market buoyant with an advanca Breadstuffs closed quiet and steady. Provision eavy. London, Jan. 15.—C usuls closed at 925,69224 for toney. Anacrican stocks—Illinols shares 40639 dis-ount, Eric 33467445; The Bank of Eugland has raised the rates of discount

TOBACCO SEED. 5 LBS PURE KENTUCKY, WARRANTED FRESH,

No. 410 Main, near Fourth st., Seed and Agricultural Warehouse

" llank of France has raised its rates of discoun

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS TESTEROAY. Gen. Buell, Cin

DEPARTURES YESTEROAY. Gen. Buell, Clo. Diadem, Cin. The river is felling preity rapidly at this point, with about 14 feet water in the caual last evening. The weather is very cold and clear.

o be in actual service, and subject to the ules and articles of war. Sections five and aged up the Cumberland river, has been released by the Government, and left for Cluciunatl yesterday Ohio are chartered at an expense to the Government of \$200 per day for the smallest and of \$325 for the largest,
The Louisville and Memphis packet Commercial has not yet been released from the Government service The Helty Gilmere, from Bowling Green, and tha

sent to Memphis. The Cumberland river is rising rapidly, having risen six feet in all at Nushville up to Tuesday evening. Mr. Geo. A. Williams, the late popular freight clerk

The fleet and fine steamer Major Anderson is the gular mail and passenger packet for Cincinnatl at The elegant Blg Grey Engle, the office of which boat ls under the supervision of our accomplished friend Mr. Jss. A. Lusk, will leave for Henderson from tha

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. Office of the Louisville Journal, Friday, January 30, 1863. There was a further advance in gold yesterda There is a general feeling among members of the favor of a meeting of the members of the bio, Indiana, Illiuois, and Kentucky Legis-for silver romained at 30 % cent premium. The buying price for silver romained at 30 % cent premium. latures, in order that views may be inter-changed and the most effectual measures for demond notes was 43@45 \$\mathbb{R}\$ cent prem. Easiern agreed upon for restoring the Union, upholding the Constitution, and restoring peace to end par to is discount selling. The bunkers buy the

the adoption of a joint resolution asking Con-gress to equalize the pay of the army by ingress to equalize the pay of the army by in-creasing that of privates and reducing that of fine flour from store at 25 40@5 50 and extra at 26@6 50 3 bbl. Sales of 1,000 hush wheat at \$1@1 10 for red and \$1 10@1 15 for prime white. Sales of oar corn in bulk at 46@48c, and shelled without sacks al 48@50c. Oats In demand at 53@55c, without sacks. Rye 55c. Sales of harley at \$115@120. Sales shipstuff at \$16 % ton, shorts \$13, and bran at \$9. CHERSU-Firm, with sales 75 boxes Western Res

> ONIONS-Good demand, with sales at \$2 50@S 7 BEANS-Ssies prime Navy at \$2.25 % bushel. Cotton Yabns, &c.—Yarns firm with sales at 38, 39 and candlewick at 75c. Battling hold at 50c. Sherryce -Steady with sales G W at 37c

, and 50t tlerees to be delivered in this city at 914c. fied 1 have done wrong to make all the reparation I can, and now I say to any

> BANKABLE FUNDS. Treasury Netes. Kentucky, Indlana, and Ohlo. CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, P. M.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29, P. M.

HOG SLAUGHTER IN THE WEST The Prico Current of Wednesday published packing cturns from twenty-five additional points. These vill make the total slaugitter of hogs to date 2,383,214 these places, against a total last season at the same oints of 2,001,222 head. This makes lip actual increase in numbers over last year 33,1921. The totales-imated packing for this year is set down at 2,815,814

TORACCO IN HALTIMORE.

The market is firmer for Maryland, with a good in-miry both for export and home manufacturing, but to high prices demanded preclude sales, except to a majorate extent; good, sound common is held at

sue must be awaited. A speedy triumph is The recall of General Butler is regarded with Stocks in warehouses and on

Freestone, from Nashville, were chartered at Evansville by the Government on Wednesday, and will be

n the Hig Grey Eagle, has accepted a position in the annhoat Mary Miller will lenve for Cairo and naval

notes of the old Tennessee hanks at 15@2 7 cent dlacount, and other Southern bank notes at 30 % cent

at 11@11%c. GROCERIES-Market quiet, sales NewOrleans sugar

In hhds at 13\(\frac{13}{4}\)ie, yellow sugar in hbis at 13\(\frac{4}{6}\)idc, and crushed at 15\(\frac{4}{6}\)ife. Planistion molasses hold at 70c, New York sirup at 60\(\frac{6}{2}\)c, and Baltimore sirup at POTATOES-Sales from wagons at \$2 25@2 50 % bbl.

WHISEY-Sales of raw at 4ic 72 gallon.

@11 75, 17 st \$12 25@12 75, 42 at \$13@13 75, 20 st \$14@ 11 75, 9 at \$15@15 75, 15 at \$16@16 75, 11 at \$17@17 75, 9 at \$13@13 75, 12 at \$19@19 75, 3 at \$21@21 75, 3 at BANK NOTE LIST.

LEBANON, Ky., Jan. 23, 1863. GENTLEMEN: In to-day's Journal I notice that you call attention to the report of Lieut. Col. John Boyle, of the 9th Kentucky cavalry a brave and gallaut regiment—remarking that "it will be read with lively interest." As this report easts serious and grave charges against Col. W. A. Hoskins, of the 12th Kentacky infantry, commander of the expedition that pursued Morgan, and as you endorse Boyle's report by calling attention to it, it is but justice to all concerned that you publish any proper reply made to said report. Since I am thoroughly acquainted with many of the circumstances referred to by Col. Hoskins in his report, and am intinately acquainted with his course during his stay in Lebanou, before Morgau—and since I know that Col. Boyle's report misrepresents many facts, and that I and the internal further than to see justice. m disinterested further than to see justice lone a brave, gallant, sagacious, and working officer—I propose to make a few statements. Having two brothers in the 6th Kentucky cav-bold and brave officers that Boyle moved with the statements of course very solicitous concern-bold and brave officers that Boyle moved with the statements.

That it was currently, and all thought then, reliably reported that Morgau had from 6,000 to 11,000 is equally as well known. Would prudence have dictated an attack by Italisy on dence have dictated an attack by Italiay on Morgan with such uncertainties staring him in

the face?

Col. Boyle is astounded that "for some incomprehensible reason the attack" meditated "was not made" on Morgan on the morning of the 31st ult., and yet one disposed to cautionsly examine facts had found "reasons" for delay "as plentiful as blackberries." Col. lloskins reports his force to have been 3,500 mcn, n number by no means equal to the number of men reported by reliable men to be under Mergan. With these men he had been compelled to completely defend Lebanon and all the stores, wagons, nulles, and goods therein, and at the same time attack the enemy. To successfully attack the enemy all of his force must have left Lebanon. Is it not plain that, while even engaging the enemy, a company of Morgan's men could have dashed into Lebanon, buroing stores, stealing, and paroling sick soldiers? Even had be gone out could be have got Morgau to fight? There were several ways open for his retreat—many ways to go around Lebanon to "Dixie." Hoskins could not with his force have guarded these various roads and attacked successfully. It is bosh to talk about it. I do not know that Col. Boyle does not know that this commander failed to go out in search of Morgan because of the fair-urn of Col. Henderson to report to him. Men here, who know the country, the coudition of Hoskins's men, and his force, unanimously nuite in saying that he acted as became a pra-lential, brave, and sagacious officer.

Col. Boyle reports, and notice the report, that "Maja. Farris and Fidler drove in the enemy s pickets." Maj. Farris was not within four miles of Springfield; he saw no pickets and drove in none. Maj. Fidlor, of the 6th Kenucky cavalry, with Lieut. Murphy and fifteen men from his regimeot, encountered and coptured a rebel picket within the limits of Spring-field. Now Maj. Farris "approves and indorses Cot. Boyle's report," after hearing it read, "being acquainted with all the facts set forth in the report," and yet he did not go into or very near Springfield, saw no pickets, and remained in Lebanon during the time that Hoskins was purget out of this by a play on the word 'Jacks!'
Colonel Boyle reports: "Colonel Halisy alrised a retreat to camp, 'and 'that he (Boyle) and ascertained that the coemy had stopped to ced within half a mile.' This was on the feed within half a mile." This was on the eve of the 31st ult., when he was out acting under orders. If Colonel Halisy advised a rerent to camp, he himself did not think it best, as is shown by his pushing after three of the nemy perhaps two miles from where he left oyle. Colonel Boyle says that "Col. Ilalisy was definitely ascertained. At what time was this advice given? When did he ascertain the "latter's retreat"? We have positive evidence that Colonel Halisy, after he received orders to follow Morgan, sent twice to his senior, Major Gratz, ordering him to follow with a battahon. These orders were verbal, sent by reliable soldiers. Now it is "nucom-preheusible" ("I thank thee, Jew, for the word") why Colonel Halisy should so long and diligently follow up the enemy, order up his men, leave Boyle to follow up the fleeing enemy, and yet advise Colonel Boyle to return

enemy, and yet advise Colonel Boyle to return to camp. Perhans Col. II. knew what a horror Col. Bayle had to obeying, even before the enemy, "Infautry Colonels"! Why Gratz did not follow no one pretends to know.

I was not aware of the fact that military orders must be in existence a certain length of time before they can be changed. Thanks to Colonel Boyle, of the cavalry, for the information to be derived from his criticisms upon the fact that Colonel Hoskins at one time or the fact that Colonel Hoskins at one time or-dered him to defend a certain position, and in a short time afterwards ordered him to move after the enemy. Pray, how long should the communder have awaited before acting upon later information brought him? Should he have been ass enough to wait one or two hours merely because he had issued an order, founded, it is true, upon then thought to be reliable information, a few moments previously? It is wonderfully "incomprehensible" why Col. Boyle should have introduced such petty nonsense into a report purporting to be more accurate and correct than a previous one, made by a commander. Such stuff is simply—sim-

plicity!

Col. Boyle suffers—is powerfully affected—
over the failure of Col. Hoskins to follow the
advice of Lieut. Porter in regard to stationing
a force on Muldrow's Hill. He was not ignorant of the fact of the post-commander's telegraphing to Gcn. Boyle, suggesting that the 34th brigade be stopped on Muldrow Hill, when he made his report. To this telegram Gen. Boyle vouchsafed no answer, thereby uccessarily implying that the previous order was to be obeyed. But would the following of Lieut. Porter's advice enabled the commander to have captured or dispersed the en-emy? If there had been but one way for Morgan to have escaped from Springfield, and that one way by crossing Muldrow's flill, and if there had been but one road by which Morgan could have crossed the hill, then this stationing of a few men with a section of artillery at that one point would of course have necessitated the enemy to fight. What are the facts concerning the "ways and means" of egress? From Springheld he could have gone in three or four ways on roads as good as the one he took. And there are three or four ways to cross Muldrow's Hill. A brigade divided up could have defended the passes. Even if Col. Hoskins had had a force stationed there, the report that Cols. Halisy and Boyle made to every morning before breakfast? and does not Postmaster-General Blair have letters at all hours of the day, more than he knows what to do with? This brings to mind another evil in the vast correspondence of our nrmies.

Perhaps, out of every five letters written, one at least goes to the dead letter office. Much of this is occasioned by the neglect of the writter to diver the sector process. nim about 9 or 10 o'clock on the night of the 30th, had perhaps had him recall them. They reported in writing that two thousand of the enemy had left Springfield to go out by the way of llaysville or Chandler's.

the writer to direct his letter properly. Es-pecially is this the fault of many who write Now, concerning the actions of lloskins in Now, concerting the actions of Hoskins in Lebanon, no one, save, perhaps, Col. Boyle, who is determined to seek some pretext to cov-er his disobedience of orders, could have known all the circumstances and avow that he neted with little sagacity and courage. On the night of the 30th he slept, perhaps, an hour, when arged to do so by his officers. He was watchexample of now a letter should be addressed to any one in the army:
"Mr. John Smith, Co. 'A,' 27th Reg. Ill.
Yol. luf'y, Gen. Rosecrans's Army." This I
doen better than to give the name of the corps careful, and evinced all the courage and augacity that a brave and prudent commander could and should have done. While in his neadquarters I heard most conflicting reports, mate by citizens I knew to be honest, truthoul, and reliable. Boyle can now say what and he done with alacrity what he was ordered

but all know the armies as designated by the different Generals commanding.

Writers should not fail to address "infantry," "cavalry," or "artillery," as the case may be. This done in a plain hand and on a plain Cot. Boyle reports that when he halted this envelope, the postage prepaid, and, my word for it, you will have little reason to complain of the "miscarriage" of your letters. Another profife source of matter for the Dead Letter Office is the detestable "picture envelope." There should be a law passed at once by the present Congress, making death the propagation. Cot. Boyle reports that when he halted this side of Columbia he consulted the various officers in command with hinf, who agreed that it was best to halt. Now Majors Gratz and Fidler have distinctly stated to Col. Hoskins, and Major Fidler directly informed me that they were adverse to halting. Major Fidler at the last halt refused to dismount his men until valent to the short Cal Barba He halt from There should be a law passed at once by the present Congress making death the penalty for any one to make, vend, or use any fancy envelope whatever. Avoid these as you would a she rebel. Soldiers should always either pay the last halt refused to dismount his men until andered to do so by Col. Boyle. He boldly avowed to Col. Boyle that he thought it best to go on as ordered, and said, "Were I in command I would pash rapidly forward." Col. Boyle alleges it for a reason that he halted, that he believed the pursuit useless. Now Major Fidler states it as his opinion that the the postage on their letters by stamps, or have them properly franked by their Major and Adletter" does not frank it, neither does the en-dorsement of "O.B.," which is so often done by silly, slick-neaded clerks in the different rear guard of Morgan could have been pounced upon, and Morgan's progress materially re-

with all attending circulustances and facts Now here is the whole thing in a nutshell.

No reliable news from the front. When Gen. Rosecrans gets ready we shall have an-Colonel Haskins, in his report, charges disobedience of orders on Lieut. Col. Boyle, and Boyle, to extricate himself, makes his report. Boyle, to extricate himself, makes his report. It will be noticed that he does not deny the charge, but endeavors to bring in extenuating circumstances and his own immediate knowledge to exculpate himself. In order to sustain bimself he reports officers coinciding with his

rded, had Col. Hoskins's orders been obeyed

ppinlon in regard to the halt, who distinctly around that they favored further advances. One would suppose that Boyle was commander of the property of the suppose that Boyle was commander of the property of the suppose that Boyle was commander of the property of the suppose that Boyle was commander of the property of the suppose that Boyle was commander of the property of the pro

Evening Dispatches

Terrible and Fatal Boiler Explosion.

More Rumors of French Mediation.

Brilliant Skirmish and Capture of Rebels.

Destruction of a Bridge and Courthouse in Rebeldom.

Capture of Rebel Supplies in Virginia.

Another Rebel Pirate in the Gulf.

Capture and Burning of the Windward.

Reported Capture of Three Other Vessels.

The Pirate Sailing Under the British Flag

U. S. Mail Steamer Fired Info.

A U. S. Gunboat in Pursuit of the Pirate

The Rebels Jubilant in Cuba.

XXXVIITH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION

HOUSE.

A frightful boiler explosion took place yesterday morning at the hatchet and edge tools mannfactory of Chas. A. Hart, Newark, N. J. The boiler was driven through three build.

ings and across two vacant lots. Two men were killed and three injured. The building in which the beiler was located was entirely

romotion of French intervention.

The Times says unless we have been mising

ormed, and we are open to conviction on this oint, Mr. Greeley has held personal inter-iews with the French Minister, and has writ-

en him letters assuring him that the people ar ired of the war, that they desire peace abov

all things, and that they are ready to welcome intervention of the French Emperor or any

disinterested Enropean power for the adjustment of the controversy between the Govern

ment and the rebel States. He had further more been told that he has tolerated if no

the most feasible plan of putting nu end to the

side yesterday informally tendered his resignation as an officer of the army to the Presi

The Herald has the following:

dent, but Mr. Lincoln declined to receive it, remarking that he had other fish for him to

. Burnside rejoined that he hoped to set a rk at once. He would willingly accept

New Yoak, Jan. 29.

2 o'clock, A. M.-Only about 60 members

WASHINDTON, Jau. 28.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.

NEW YORK, Jsn. 29.

expedition, since he chose, in direct viola-n of orders, to halt upon information he himself had. Why should be not have permitted Col. Heskins to know all that he had found out, and then with orders halt, if the made? It is distintely and clearly an ioferior officer's duty to carry out all orders given him by his superiors. It is not permissible for inferiors to act on their own information contruty to orders without the greatest excuse. Does Boyle's excuse justify him? He say Morgan could not have been caught. Officer as valiant as himself say that he could have been, had the cavalry exerted itself as it should have done. He has his officers to susshould have done. He has this officers to sustain him by certificate. One of the signing officers was in Lebanen during the pursuit. Comment is unnecessary. The commander demands why Boyle disobeyed orders. He answers with paltry excuses and charges against a brave, vigilant, and efficient officer. Now the immediate halt was not so bad, as the slowness with which he advanced previous to halfing. It is the concurrent testimant of them, it any, I went on the ere of the 39th, about dark, to Hoskins's headquarters, and was with him nearly all of the night, and, indeed, nearly all the time up to when he left Lebanon in pursuit of Morgan. I beg to call direct attention to Col. Boyle's report.

Says Col. Boyle: I and Col. Halisy "with fifty men each" went on a reconnoissance toward Springfield, "to investigate the current runners that the enemy was lut that direction.

The Post Commandant had given no orders for such a movement, but acquiesced in it." It was distinctly understood; the leadquarters that the colonial such a movement, but acquiesced in it." It was distinctly understood; the leadquarters that

The Post Commandant had given no orders for such a movement, but nequiesced in it." It was distinctly understood at headquarters that Colonel lleskins had ordered this reconnoissance to be made, and I do not hesitate to say that from all I saw and heard I am of the firm opinion that the Post Communiler did order the investigation alluded to.

Again: "Col. Ilalisy declared, that were he in command not two thousand men he would have attacked the exhausted squadrons of Morgan." We do not know that Col. Hallsy—the lamented hero—did not say this, but this much is certain: When he made his report to Col. Iloskins he made no such proposition that I could hear; ou the contrary, after hearing the commander's plans he heartily endorsed them. That Col. Hallsy was generally prudential, all know. That he had no definite idea of Morgan's strength is also well known. That it was currently, and all thought then, as it is to concerned about Hoskins he made no such proposition that I could hear; ou the contrary, after hearing the commander's plans he heartily endorsed them. That Col. Hallsy was generally prudential, all know. That he had no definite idea of Morgan's strength is also well known. That were head force inver, and about Hoskins's sleeping. It is unnecessary—others perhaps better acquainted with the circumstances can aod will make their statements. And so far as it is concerned about Hoskins heing in faver of returning to Lebanou, from New Market, it would be pleasant to know why he didn't return, since he was commander of the expedition. We look upou Boyle's report to close by saying that it had been well had Boyle followed Morgan as rapidly as he returned from Columbia to Lebanon; it had been best had he tried to obey orders with as much diligence as he tries to find fault with his superior officers. As a gentlemm we like Boyle; nor do we hy any means dislike him as a soldier. Nor does he tries to find fault with his superior officers As a gentlem in we like Boyle; nor do we hy any means dislike him as a soldier. Nor doc any dislike to him prompt this criticism. We think that his own indiscretion has brought him into a difficulty from which, with all his tact, he cannot get out without material injury to himself. An itching for eagles, perhaps, had something to do with his report. His regiment is a noble one, brave and determined.

I must be permitted once again to say that I, who saw lloskins, believe him to have been excessively vigilant, very sagacious, and 10 have acted as became a commander. And my opinion of him is sustained by citizens and officers with whom I have conversed.

Very respectfully, FIDLER.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]
THE MAIL SERVICE. MURFARESUOAD, TENN., Jan. 24, 1863. When one has been long absent and return-ing homeward meets an old friend the most likely greeting is, "Wbat's the news?" So your old correspondent, having been for three long, gloomy, cloudy, drizzling weeks in a strange land and in an enemy's country, with not a single visit from the Journal, his valued riend, is constrained to ask "What's the Ou several occasions have I threatened you

with a letter since the great battle of Stone's River, but knowing our camp to be thronged with "gentlemen of the Press" all eager to see their names in print and brimful of battle phraseology wherewithal to garnish their bloody tales, I have been content to see you and your readers punished by them, which doubtless has been done to the great satisfaction of the writers, if not to the edification of your readers. I know the Journal has been richly freighted with news from this section, although, as stated, I have not had my eyes gladdened with a sight at its teeming columns for nearly three weeks, and here is wherein I find cause to write you to-night. Some hints have reached us through the Nashville papers and otherwise of an absard and disgraceful disagreement between the postal department at Washington and the authorities having control of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, insomuch that mail facilities are deuied to thousands of noble and self-sacrificing to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to thousands of noble and self-sacrinering vance, and left applications to the support of any capturing 26 of them and scattering the others in all directions. He also captured to the support of any capturing 26 of them and scattering the others in all directions. the functionary or fuoctionaries who, in times like these, will cause a blow to be struck at the very heart of our army more disastrous in

The Richmond papers of the 23d contain the llowing:
"There are various rumors in circulation in its ultimate results, if persisted in, than any seven days' battle.
Could you see the sad, mouraful disappointregard to affairs on the coast of North Caroliua, but nothing reliable as to the operations of the enemy at Newbern. It is not thought, however, that any forward movement has yet been made. The weather, for several days, ment depicted upon the countenance of the poor soldier as he receives at the postoffice wicket the answer, keener than a dagger to his heart, "uothing for you to-day," and next day along the coast, has been exceedingly unfavorable to an advance. "nothing," and next, "no letter," and so on for a weary, sickening fortnight, you would, I am From the Richmond Whig.]

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 20.—It is semi-officially reported that the enemy has burned the bridge and courthouse at Jacksonville and retired towards Newbern. All quiet here. It has been ascertained that the Yankee force peer Jacksonville, N. C. consists of two and a sure, not deem the statement extravagant that the result of a suspension of the mails. Among seriously felt as among the men. They, especially the chief officers, must have their letters, if special couriers, escorts, and extra near Jacksonville, N. C., consists of two and a half regiments of infantry, 600 cavalry, and six pieces of artillery, under command of Col. Emory. They have attempted no forward transportation have to he established at government expense for the purpose; but the

methinks he should have, and at once set to work to co-operate with the energetic and philanthropic Gen. Mitchell, who has taken

the matter promptly in hand and corrected the pernicious evil so far as his jurisdiction ex-

tends. I tell you in all serioneness you had better cut off our rations than our letters.

Let us hear from our wives and little ones, or "by jings" we'll desert and leave you to the tender mercy of Jeff and the D—l. To-day the postmaster told me that not more than "two quarts" of mail matter came through for

the entire army.

Don't you know there are murinurings and

heart-burnings in camp to-night? May be tears are shed down manly checks; may be deep drawn sighs escape the bosom of hardy

warriors; may be the lonely sentinel, won-dering if all are dead "at home," abstractedly forgets to track his beat. But what of all this? Does not President Guthrie receive his letters every morning before breakfast? and does not

to soldiers. The number of the regiment is frequently given in the address but the State, and often the particular army is omitted.

For the benefit of those, whose letters are always "miscarrying," permit me to give an example of how a letter should be addressed

or department, as many postmasters as well as correspondents do not know the respective

localities of the different corps or departments, but all know the armies as designated by the

Departments, entitle the letter to go free, but ought, in most cases to send the probably love-sick missile to the Dead Letter Office.

VIDOCQ.

eriment expense for the purpose; but the fighting soblier, the target at "shortest range" for the enemy, although they have left as lovel and as dear ones at home as the more privileged officer, yet the kindly, heart-cheering missives from their loved ones must move by some circuitous and tardy route at the caprice of a soulless miltardy mil nuovement as yet.

A letter from Suffolk, Va., to the Herald states that the New York mounted rifles seized \$30,000 worth of Confederate property at Sandy Cross Roads, 7 miles from Galesville, and loved ones must move by some circuitous and in the direction of the Chowan river. The tardy ronte at the caprice of a soulless rail-road corporation or the stubborness of some salt, provisions, and other merchandise. The fat office dignitary. Yes, I say again, it is disgraceful to the Government, to the miligoods were owned by Winslow & Russell, and were ready to be shipped across Chowan river and within the rebel lines. tary authorities, to the railroad company, and to all concerned in this interruption NEW YOAK, Jan. 28. of the army mail, that our mail should be twelve days in coming from Louisville to

A Havana letter of the 24th says: The pirate Florida arrived there on the 21st from Mobile. She coaled during the night and sailed on the 22d on a cruise. She chased a bark from Portland, but the bark escaped.

The pirate then continued and burned the this place, when by the legitimate ronte it should reach us in twenty hours at most after leaving your city. What is the matter? Who is to blame? I learn that our mails go through regularly every day from Nashville to Louis-The pirate then captured and burned the brig Windward, from Matanzas, four miles from shore, with a cargo of molasses belong-

regularly every day from Nashville to Louisville by rail, but that the returning mails are placed upon hoats, not unfrequently, two or three days before loaving port, and then under the tardy gunboat escort are brought to Bowling Green or perhaps up the Cumberland direct (1) to Nashville, and thus once in ten or twelvo days we are gorged with stale news.

Has not Gen. Boyle something to do in a matter of such grave importance? If not, methinks he should have, and at once set to ing to a Spanish merchant.
On the 23d, off Cardenas, she captured and burned the brig Cora Ann, of Maine. She was burned only a mile from shore. Soon after she captured and destroyed two more brigs. A schooner arrived at Havana which reports

that the pirate was last seen with the British flag, steering for the Bahamas.

The U. S. mail steamer Reany, to Havana 23d, having been fired into by a Spanish manof-war, the American Consul ordered the Reany to proceed, and the gunboat Oneida was sent as a convoy. The Reany had the American flag flying when fired into, and had the mails and Government despatches. The gunboat Wauchussett arrived at Ilavana on the evening of the 22d, 12 hours after the pirate left, but coaled and left imme-

diately in pursuit of her. The rebels at Harana are in high glee.

Ex-Consul Helm, secession agent, holds receptions every week. Mayor Wood's daughter was present at the last one. Two vessels loaded with cotton arrived on

The Florida is commanded by J. Newland Maffit, formerly of the U.S. Navy. PITTSBURG, Jan. 29-M. River unchanged since yesterday-14 lee by pier mark. Weather clearing up; cold.

Some of the Early Strugoles of Authors.—In a notice of the new novel of "Aurora Floyd," by Miss M. A. Braddon, a somewhat new star among English female novelists, the Philadelphia Press refers to her early struggles to gain public favor. First Miss B. tried to live as a piano-forte-playe and vocalist, but the public did not encourage her. Next she played a small part or two o the stage, but with equally bad results Lastly, Miss B. collapsed into pen and ink and wroto a sketch which, with great difficulty, she succeeded in getting a small remuneration for and an insertion in The Wel come Guest." This encouraged the author, and about a year ago she commenced "Aurora Floyd", one of the best of modern novels, in

the popular periodical Temple Bar. The Press says Miss Braddon will now obtain \$15,000 for any work she may offer a publisher. Such are the ups and downs of authorship, and the Press adds: Press adds:

One remembers how Scott's "Waverly" lay unfinished for ten years in and old desk, because his friend James Ballantyne threw upon it the cold water of his hostile criticism—how Charles Dickens had to eutreat Mr. Black as a favor to admit his "Sketches by Boz" into the Evening Chronicle, as they were pronounced not group enough for the mercius distinctions.

not good enough for the morning edition-how William Howitt's "Book of the Seasous," of which 100,000 copies have been sold, was rejected by nearly every London published until, in very despair, he took the bundle of mannscript to Waterloo bridge, determined to consign it to the Thames, but luckily met, in the Strand, Mr. Bentley, the only publisher he had not tried, who purchased the book at once—how Charlotte Bronte hawked "Jane Thackeray was in the same predicame burning it, in his anger and desperation. Braddon's name may be added to the list.

KENTUCKY OFFICERS COMMISSIONED

Appointments by the Governor: Commissions issued Junuary 26, 1863.

Capt. Chas. S. Williams (promoted from 1st Sergeant), company B, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunters, vice W. C. John-First Lieut, William McPherson (promoted from Sergeant), company B, 18th Infantry Regiment Keniucky Volunteers, vice J. T. Chrismau, resigned, January 17, 1863.
Second Lieut, Julius B. Bracht (promoted from Sergeant), computy B, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice J. W. Puthuff, resigned, January 17, 1863.
(apt. Wm. II. Littlejohu, reissned, company F. 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers.

Puttuff, resigued, January 17, 1863.
Capt. Wm. II. Littlejohu, reissned, company F, 18th lufantry Regiment Keutneky Volunteers, vice self, resigned, January 17, 1863.
First Lieut. Beej. T. Riggs (promoted from 2d Lient.), company G, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice D. Boys, resigned, January 17, 1863.
2d. Lieutenaut Kemp G. Carter (promoted from 1st Sergeaut), company G, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice Benj. T. Riggs, promoted, January 17, 1863.
Captain John W. Groze (promoted from 1st Lieutenant of company II), company I, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice S. G. Rogers, resigned, January 17, 1863.
1st Lieutenant David II. Govers (promoted from Sergeant-Major), in cempany I, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice W. M. Dayton, resigned, January 17, 1863.
2d Lieutenant Joseph M. Shaw (promoted from Corporal, 21st Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice Thomas Clements resigned, January 17, 1863.
First Lieut. Alfred S. Lewis (promoted from 2d Lieut.), company II, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice J. W. Grose, promoted, January 17, 1863.
Second Lieut. Joseph C. Pritchard (promoted from Sergeant), company II, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice J. W. Grose, promoted, January 17, 1863. Second Lieut, Joseph C. Pritchard (promoted from Sergeant), company II, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice A. S. Lewis, promoted, January 17, 1863.

First Lieut, James C. Bacon (promoted from Orderly Sergeant), company E, 18th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, vice W. C. Steel, resigned, January 17, 1863.

Second Lieut, Silas Howe (promoted from Al Sergeant) company E, 18th Infantry Registered voted. No quorum.

Roscoe Conkling moved a call of the House, which was ordered.

2 30 A. M.—Roll called and excuses for absentees heard. There is no immediate prospect of a vote on the pending bill. Second Liedt States Howe (Fromted Hotel 2d Sergeant), company E, 18th Infantry Regl-ment Kentucky Volunteers, vice J. C. Rich-ards, resigned, January 17, 1863. By order of the Governor: JOHN W. FINNELL,

MARSHAL'S SALES

The Times editorially gives currency to a statement that Mr. Groeley has entered into personal negotiations with M. Mercier for the Marshal's Sale. E. S. Robinson, &c., sgainst U. Roburson, &c., BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUIS

opened a correspondence on this subject with Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, with a view to co-operate in some plan and in mediation as the most family large plan and in mediation as the most family large plan and in mediation as the most family large plan and in the large plan and in the large plan and in mediation as the most family large plan and large plan and in mediation as the most family large plan and large plan The Tribune's special says that Gen. Burnide vesterday informally tendered his resigRob't Storey's Adm'r
ngainet
Rob't Storey's Adm'r
ngainet
Rob't Storey's Helrs, &c., }
In Chancery. No. 11, 904. Marshal's Sale. Rob't Storey's Helrs, &c.,)

NY VIRTLE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISwille Chanceny Court, randored in the above cause,
the underetigned, or one of us, will, on Monday,
February 2, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A, M,
sell, at public anchen, to the lighest bidder, at the
Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit
of 12, 18, 24, and 20 months, as much as may be necessarry to satisfy the decree heteln of the property in
the diagrammational Aiz.

work at once. He would willingly accept any command, he cared not how small, but he was extremely reluctant to wear a Major-General's stars and draw a Major-General's pay while doing uothing to earu his honors or at side of First street 22 rea und extending one of to a 20-foot alley, and is the northwardly 32 real No. 80 in square No. 5.

on beguning at a point on the east side of Third 550 feet south of Breckhridge street, thence with Third street 30 feet and extending back width 230 feet at 30-foot alley.

S. Nos. 25, 35, and 27, being part of Jno. Rust's o conveyed to J. N. Breslen, each lot hooting bach in the north side of Mechanic street and extendibuck same width 231 test to the north line of the ret to purchased by said thust of Gro. Hardy. See heaven of and alphabus the western lot purchased Washington, Jan. 28.

We have received from the head-marters of cavalry brigade at Fairfax C. II. tho following information, dated Jaouary 29th, 6 P.M.:

"Last night our pickets at Chantilly were driven in by a detachment of Stuart's rebel cavalry. Col. Percy Wyndhau, commanding the brigade, immediately started with some 200 men of the 5th New York and 1st Virginia cavalry in pursuit of the enemy. After pursuand the started with some 200 men of the 5th New York and 1st Virginia cavalry in pursuit of the enemy. cavalry in pursuit of the enemy. After pursuing them at a rapid rate some twenty miles, he came up with them at Middleburg. Major Hammond, 5th N. Y. cavalry, had the advance, and fell upon their rear with great

E. V. Bunu's Helrs, &c., In Chancery. No. 17, has, monitoned, viz.

TWO LOTS,
Each fronting 33 feet, on the south side of High street
and running back some whoth 140 test to a 37 feet
alley, and known, as lots Nos. 9 and 10 m country seed

THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTI, Deputy.
Lonisvillo, Jan. 6, 1813.-123 dtd U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Thian District of Kentucky, Louisville, Kr., Jan. 16, 1863. Collector's Notice. ESTABLISHED THE CITY OF LOUIS E and county of Jefferson as the First Division Third Colhection District of the State of, and appointed RICHARD S. MONEY AS ANY and Division. After these assessed in this hecks not received.
116 diskw2 PHILIP SPEED, Collector.
[Democrat, Anzeiger, and Volksthatt copt.]

January 5, 1863. January 5, 1863 COPARTNERSHIP. MR. HENRY WEIIMHOFF AND MR. JOHN A DICKINSON have associated themselves together under the naoie and style of

WEHMHOFF&DICKINSON for the purpose of conducting the Upholstery and Mattress Business, nt the old stand of Mr. Wehinhoff, on the south side of Main street, between Second and Third, No. 215. Thankful to the public for the very liberal patron-age extended to each of as in our former binshees rela-tions, we hope by strict attention to merit a continu-ance of past tavors. Our stock consists in part of

Superior Spring Mattreeses, Super Blankets,
Pure carled Hair do, Bed Comforts,
Cottou and Moss do, Sheets & PillowSlip
Shack
Musketo Bars, Window Shades
Pillows and Bolsters,
Pillows and Bolsters,
Curiain Bands, Shade and Curtain Trimming, We also make and lay Carpets, hang Curtains an Shades and hay Carpets, hang Curtains an Shades, and make to order all Goods in our line other trodec and on reasonable terms.

WE HIMHOFF & DICKINSON, jam15 d3m 215 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

STATEMENT F THE CONDITION OF THE LORILLARD FIRM INSURANCE COMPANY, on the 31st day of De CAPITAL.
The amount of the capital stock pald up 1s......\$500,088
ASSETS.

Total assets of the Con-Auditon's Utrier, Frankfort, Ky., James 21, 1883, certify that the Largeing is a true cop-lon file in this office.

In witness whoreof, I have hereby set my band and allixed my official seal, the day and year above written. GRANT GREEN, Anditor. wal.]
Auditor's Office, Frankfort, Ky. January 21, 1833
This is to certify that Wm. Ross, as agent (4 if illard Fire Insurance Company of New York, a stille, Jofferson county, has filed in this officatements and exhibits required by the provision of centilled "An act to regulate Agencies of agent Insurance Companies," in previous larges have a fire and a fire a fire and a fire a fi

GRANT GREEN, Auditor WM. ROSS, Agent, over B. P. Scally's, Main street, near Second.

(206) Old Whisky.
240 BBLS OLD NELSON COPPER WHISKY;
300 bbls Old Bourbon do do;
35 bbls Old Crow do do;

RAILROADS. Louisville & Frankfort and Frankfort &

Lexington Railroads. TRAINS WILL RUN ON THEIR FSUAL TIME on and atter to-day. The Accommodation for the present will only go as far is Lagrange.

Freight Trains will run every other day, leaving Louisville og Mondays, Wednesdaws, and Friebrs.

Freight will not be received for Stations teyond Frank ort for the present.

Antumry 20, 1883.—btks SAM'L GILL, Sup't. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened.

HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE U. S. BOARD af Ordnance, and is now lorgely used in the ser-PENNSYLVANIA Scentral Railroad. 325 Miles Donble Track.

Light The world will be a street of N ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DE-mands of the travelling poldic, the managers of this popular route have added many unprovenents during the year 1802, and, with its connections, it will be tound in all respects a FIRST CLASS RUCTE to full the Eastern cities. The track is stons ballasted and entirely tree from dust. THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM

PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA, Anti-Humbug Family Flour. (with close connections from Western Cities), ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA, CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG For Weakness, Wasting, and Baltimore and Washington.

FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN BUNS DAILY (430 MILES) VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS, Arriving in advance of all other Routes. SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM

PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK. TICARTS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR RAIL Boat Tickels good on any of the Sound Lines. FABE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY BOUTK SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadolphia, New York, & Baltimoro

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE. FREIGHTS. By this route treights of all descriptions can be to anded to and from Philadelphia. New York, Boston Baltimore, to and from any point on the Ralfronds has Kentneky, Lubana, Honois, Wiscousin, Iowa, Gissouri by Ralfrond direct.

CITY DRUGGISTS . STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg. RKE & CO., Transler Agents, Pittsburg.

LIVE STOCK.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAIL-ROAD

Through to Nashville. NAND AFTER TRESPAY NEXT, NOV. 25, PAS senger and Freight Trains will run through t LOCK A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN for Leb CLICK P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN 12 OCCOOK NIGHT THROUGH FREIGHT A M. FREIGHT TRAIN for Lebanon Branch all Freight for surpment must be in Depot by 4 P.M. II MARSHALL, Superintendent.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAIL-ROAD. Life had been a second O'N AND AFTER SATURDAY, GCTOBER B. AND Dath mether Notice, an ACOMMODATION TRAIN for French and Passengers will leave Louisville at S.A. M. for Lebanon Junction.

Leturibus, will feave Lebanon Junction at 4 P. M. and arrive at Louisville at 5.30 P. M. obt diff.

B. MARSHALL, Sup't.

FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT. 1862. Winter Arrangement. 1863.

Baggago checked through.

cs-Por THROUGH TICKETS and further informa-ion uply at the GENERAL RAILROAH OFFILE, on the corner of Third and Main etreets, Louis-ille, Ky. Parains are run by Louisville time

S. S. PARKER, Agent. A. B. CULVEB, Sup't. m5 dtf JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. ON AND AFTER TO-DAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS on this Rond will leave and arrive as follows: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:

2:30 P. M. FAST EXPRESS for Cinclinati, Indianapola, Chicaco, and the East.

10:30 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Cluciunati, Chicago, and the East.

Both Trains making connections for the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE:

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J. E. MOORE - - - - Freight Agent, Louisville, Kv. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN CITTES given at lowest rates via River to Pittsburg-Mail Line to Cheinnatl and via Jeffersonville

AVING THIS DAY SOLD TO MESSRS, BLANT Market streets, I would respectfully call the attention of the obl customers to their well-assorted stock of NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASE the old and well-known GROCERY STAND AS. McDERMOTT, corner Fifth and Market street Alcohol Distillery

Jan. 13, 1863.—dim PRESTON L. BLAND THEO. E. ELLIOTT. FOR SALE. Louisville and Nashville Railroad PHE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR SALE THEIR
Alcohol Distillery in this city on accommodating
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puroved construction and in complete running order. T SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WH SCHRODT & LAVAL

U. S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MIL SUTLERS' GOODS.

Hops by

FUR SALE BY

T. F. EVANS, - - - - - Sole Agent,

OBYSTAL PALAOE, LOUISYILLE, KY.

NOTICE.

Georgetown College, Kentucky. TOTAL NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION

I will begin on Monday, January 5th, 1822, and continue six months. The Faculty is full, and the defles of the College will be prosecuted with the usual energies and facilities.

Georgelown is now entirely free from troops and all the diseases and excitements incidental to their presence.

F. C. McCALLA, Treasurer.

Georgelown, Ky., Pec. 12, 1822.

Becchemocrat copy and send fill to me. SADDLERY, HARNESS, AND TRUNKS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. T. JEPIER, COLAN

217 Third street, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky., SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SADDLE. MANUFACTURES AND DEALER IN Military Saddlery,

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> Ammunition Pouches for Henry Rifles SETTRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

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Refined Carbon Oil, Refined Coal Oil, Extra Lard Oil, Lubricating Petroleum.

Benzole and Naptha, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer, Coal and Carben Oil and Lamps of every description, Wicks, Shades, Chimneys, Globes, Brushes, Lamp Trimmings, &e. ** WARZHOUSE AND STORE ON BULLITT STREET.
***CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS CORNER SIXTEENTH AND HIGH STREETS.
***CARBON AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, BETWEEN MAIN AND WATER.
***MAY29

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Snuff, Pipes, Tobacco. Pouches, and every variety of Smoking Tobacco.

> JOHN H. GRIFFITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT Feed, Produce, Grain, Flour, &c., No. 312 Malu st., bet. Third and Fourth,

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(MASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginsong, and Bosewax. Orders for an goods in the city premptly filled, D. C. BETTISON'S

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W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER, Improved Metal Burial Cases THE ABOVE CASKETS ARE MADE OF CORRU I gated sheet Metal and lined with Gutta Percha o India Rubber so as to be Air and Water Tight, All orders recomptly siteuded to. IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT 即是 母母 L. A. CIVILL'S STORE,
431 South Main street, 5 doors above buth at.

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H. R. WARNER, Proprietor, 503 and 505 Jefferson et., opposite Court House, J. G. NIATELERS LOUISVILLE, KY. WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS AT 25 CENTS ADJUINING BANK OF LOUISVILLE to Photy themselves.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE AT 25 CENTS
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HAT and BONNET FRAMES of the latest importations whelevals and retail BLEA(HING and DYEING carefully altended to a

(In whole, half, and quarter casks and bottles).

Brewed from the choicest Barley Malt and RHODES & VERNER and SPENCER & GARRARD. We have already received a full supply of:

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DEALERS IN PITTSBURG AND PEYTOMA CANNEL COAL, And Salo Agents for the POMEROY COAL. RDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully schelted and promptly filled at the

CAMP EQUIPAGE. AM PREPARED TO FURNISH REGIMENTS or Demission with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettles, flates, Army Cups, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Gan-sens, Mess Pans, Coss, Camp Stools, Cosp. is there to P. M JONES,

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CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, SPUN COTTON AND BACON. COAL OIL AND LAMPS. A large assortment of the best brands of CIGARS | GREEN APPLES & DRIED FRUITS.

> W. II. CRUTCHER, Ag't. THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A COM-

> New York, Sept. 24, 1862. FILL YOUR ALBUMS

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Dersons from a distance can by enclosing one ny person or persons among our collection.

maris dit WEBSTER'S GALLERY. T. W. M.H.A.D. (Suscessor to Mean & Baso.),

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Fire most Bushler Broof Safes, Green stored emposite Conton House, 17:20145 NEW CLOAKS.

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